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# The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta  Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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# President Summons Congress Cabinet

## *Emergent Meeting At Delhi On July 3*

## Mahatma On His Talks With Viceroy

## Azad To Continue Unity Talks With Muslim Premiers

## VICEROY ASKS FOR EARLY REPLY?

**"The situation is the same to-day as it was yesterday", said Mahatma Gandhi interviewed by the United Press representative on his arrival at Delhi on Sunday morning.**

**Enquired whether he would see the Viceroy again, Gandhiji said: "All depends upon the Viceroy. But whenever I am invited I shall be glad to see."**

***Following telephone talks with the Mahatma, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad from his sojourn at Naini Tal has called an emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Delhi on July 3.***

***Gandhiji will stay at Delhi till the meeting of the Working Committee.***

### *EMERGENT MEETING CALLED*

NAINITAL, June 30.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, was in telephonic communication with Mahatma Gandhi this morning.

Following this, Maulana Azad has called an emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Delhi on July 3.

Making this announcement Maulana Azad hoped that members will consider this announcement as formal notice. Those non-members who were invited at the last meeting of the Working Committee are also invited by the Congress President to participate in the meeting. Invitees should inform the Provincial Congress Committee, Delhi, of their arrival at Delhi.

It is recalled that among those non-members who were invited to attend the Working Committee last time were Mr. Achut Patwardhan, Acharya Narendra Dev, Mrs. Pandit and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.—A. P.

### *GANDHIJI AT DELHI*

NEW DELHI, June 30.

Mahatma Gandhi and party arrived here to-day at 6-10 a.m. from Simla.

He was met at the railway station by Mr. Birla and Dr. Shaukatullah Ansari.

From the station, Mahatma Gandhi drove to the residence of Dr. Shaukatullah Ansari where he is staying.

From the station, Mahatma Gandhi proceeded in car towards Harijan colony. On the way, he got down and walked a distance of about two miles before returning to Dr. Shaukatulla Ansari's residence where he is staying.

### New Charkha Costs Only Six Annas

Mahatma Gandhi spent half an hour this afternoon with the members of the Delhi Charkha Club at the residence of Dr. Shaukatullah Ansari.

He plied a new type of Charkha, which he said cost only six annas and would be available even to the poor, who believed in spinning. He emphasised that regular spinning should be obligatory on the members only if they believed in the efficacy of the Charkha.

Mahatma Gandhi later proceeded to the Harijan Colony for prayers.

### PRAYER IN HARIJAN COLONY

Mahatma Gandhi held an evening prayer in the Chandiwala prayer hall in the Harijan Colony. A large number of people attended the prayer.—A.P.

### Asaf Ali's Talks With Gandhiji

Mahatma Gandhi who was to have left for Wardha has suddenly changed his programme and is staying on here until the Working Committee meeting.

Mr. Asaf Ali called on Mahatma Gandhi and had a talk with him this morning.—A. P.

### *MAHATMA WANTS TO CONSULT CONGRESS HIGH COMMAND*

SIMLA, June 30.

Political observers here interpret the decision to call an emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Delhi as Gandhiji's disinclination to commit himself regarding the Viceroy's proposals regarding constitutional changes and defence.

It appears that after telephone talks with Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, it was felt that it would be convenient to summon a meeting of the Congress High Command so that Gandhiji might be able to communicate Congress reactions to the Viceroy at an early date.

VICEROY ASKS FOR REPLY

It is presumed that the Viceroy had asked for an early reply so that he might be able to put into practice the proposals before him.

Since the Simla talks have been inconclusive it appears that an authoritative statement would be issued after the Viceroy has received Gandhiji's letter giving purport of the decision of the Congress High Command.—United Press.

### *"C. R." For Delhi*

MADRAS, June 30.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar has provisionally arranged to leave Madras to-morrow morning by the Grand Trunk Express for Delhi to attend the emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee.—A.P.

## Azad To Resume Unity Talks

### Sardar Patel Leaves For Delhi

BOMBAY, June 30.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, accompanied by Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the A. I. C. C., left for Delhi to-night by the Frontier Mail to attend the Congress Working Committee meeting on July 3. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Seth Jamnalal Bajaj will leave to-morrow.

### Unity Talks

**IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE MAIN ITEM FOR DISCUSSION AT THE FORTHCOMING MEETING WILL BE THE QUESTION OF HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY.**

**IT IS EXPECTED THAT MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD'S TALKS WITH MUSLIM PREMIERS WILL BE CONTINUED.—A. P.**

**Maulana Abul Kalam Azad**

**CONGRESS PRESIDENT, WILL RESUME UNITY TALKS WITH MUSLIM PREMIERS**

## Poona Prepares For A.I.C.C.

POONA, June 30.

At a meeting held at the Congress House this afternoon a provisional committee was formed to make the necessary arrangements for the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C.—A. P.

### ROOSEVELT AS PRESIDENT

### 92 P. C. Of Democrats Want Him For Third Time

LONDON, June 30.

**Ninety-two per cent of the democrats want President Roosevelt to run for the third term, according to a fly vote taken by the Gallop Institute, says the B.B.C.**

**Seventy-eight per cent favoured the President's nomination in January last, and 84 per cent last month.—Reuter.**

### *Soviet-Lithuanian Relations*

KAUNAS, June 30.

Prof. Muckevicius, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, is leaving for Moscow at M. Molotov's invitation to discuss Soviet-Lithuanian relations in the light of the recent developments.—Reuter.

## Japan's Charge Against Britain

### Forces In South China On Infringement Of Understanding

TOKYO, June 30.

The accusation that Britain revealed Japanese strategy to Chungking and thereby infringed the understanding reached with Japan is contained in a statement issued by the Japanese forces in South China and quoted in a Canton despatch to the Domei Agency.

The statement adds that Japan feels no longer under obligation to inform Britain in advance of her military operations on the British Chinese border. "Not withstanding the understanding of November, 1936, British authorities betrayed Japanese strategic plans of operations near Paoan. This was shown in Chinese documents seized by the Japanese forces during operations ten miles from Paoan. A similar fact was revealed as the result of investigation made after the Japanese occupation of Paoan."—Reuter.

### JAPAN, UP AND DOING!

### Plan For Mobilisation Of Material Resources Approved

TOKYO, June 29.

The Cabinet has approved of a plan for the mobilisation of Japan's material resources during the current year, stressing on increased production of iron, steel coal and liquid fuel and increased generation of electricity, says the Domei Agency.

It adds, the Government has also approved a plan for the formation of two companies, one of which will control the acquisition and distribution of raw materials for export and the other control exports.—Reuter.

## FR. GOVT. LEAVES BORDEAUX

### No Sitting With German Army On Guard Over It

**BORDEAUX, June 29.**

**The Government is leaving here because it does not wish to sit with the German army on guard over it, says "Journal de Paris."**

**It adds the Cabinet will probably be in one town and Parliament distributed over two or other towns.—Reuter.**

### *"FRENCH ARMY HAD NOT FOUGHT"*

### *Gen. De Gaulle On "Cause Of Defeat"*

LONDON, June 29.

"The French army were beaten without being able to fight. This is the opinion of General De Gaulle as quoted by Professor Saurat, Director of Institute Francais at a meeting in London.

The professor said in an interview that he had asked General De Gaulle to explain the cause of the 'French defeat. General De Gaulle had estimated that whereas only 60,000 soldiers had been killed and perhaps 300,000 wounded 350,000 prisoners were taken in Belgium and France in the first phase and 600,000 later. In short, the General said, the army had not fought, not that it lacked courage and determination but because the French High Command were trying to fight Germans' new tactics of 1940 with the methods of 1914. A great lesson of the war in France was that civilian population should stay out.

Professor Saurat added, General De Gaulle said, if the population in Britain followed the instructions given them by the authorities and, whatever they saw or heard, remained in their own homes then actual civilian losses would be very small and the mechanised implements used by enemy would not be very dangerous.—Reuter.

## Italian Cavalry Routed In Eritrea

## Air Battle In Libya: More Italian Submarines Destroyed

CAIRO, June 30.

An R. A. F. Communique says: "Raids by enemy aircraft on Port Sudan caused no material damage. One enemy three-engined bomber was shot down.

At dawn R. A. F. bombers again raided El Gubbi (Libya), registering direct hits on huts, tents and parked aircraft causing considerable damage.

**Our aircraft were engaged by a large force of enemy fighters, during the engagement one of their machines was shot down in flames and a second was badly damaged. Two of our aircraft were lost in the fight.**

The wreckage of an enemy aircraft was washed up at Mersa Matruhm. Various reconnaissances were successfully carried out.

CAVALRY ROUTED IN ERITREA

British patrol and mechanised units have continued to harass enemy concentrations near the Eritrean border with marked success, according to a Khartum dispatch "in an unofficial statement issued from the G. H. Q."

It states: "In the Kassada area, in difficult country fringing the border, two of our light armoured fighting vehicles encountered two groups of enemy cavalry, 1,200 strong, advancing towards them. The vehicles opened fire with machine-guns. The enemy cavalry, was thrown into a panic and scattered in all directions, taking cover in adjacent hills and leaving fifty casualties behind.

In the same area small detachments and units repeatedly entered Eritrean territory encountering enemy patrols and inflicting casualties without sustaining any.

It is recalled that on June 21 one of our fighting patrols routed a battalion of native infantry, this act inflicting severe casualties and demolishing several machine-gun nests."—Reuter.

### Two More Italian Submarines Destroyed

LONDON, June 29.

The Admiralty announces that the Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies reports further success by his forces.

Two more Italian submarines have been destroyed.—Reuter.

### Mussolini Inspects Alpine Frontier Troops

ROME, June 30.

Mussolini crossed the frontier into France for the second day in succession and inspected the Alpine Frontier Troops.—Reuter.

### *CHURCHILL TO MAKE*

## More Revelations About Collapse Of Fr. Struggle

### House Of Commons To Hold Another Secret Session?

LONDON, June 30.

**MR. Churchill is expected to make a further statement in the House of Commons this week regarding the failure of the French Government to continue resistance and the consequences of that failure to this country.**

***Statement On Tuesday***

**No definite date has been fixed for the statement but it will be made at the earliest possible moment. Tuesday has been suggested as the probable day but it might be postponed until later in the week.**

**ANOTHER SECRET SESSION**

**It is likely that the House of Commons will wish to debate Mr. Churchill's statement and in that event there might be another secret sitting.**

**IN LORDS**

**The House of Lords will also wish to have a debate of a similar kind during the week and Wednesday is suggested as the likely day. Lord Halifax will be the principal Government speaker. It is not yet known whether the proceedings in the Lords will be secret as some Labour Peers are anxious to have the debate in open session.—Reuter.**

## AIR RAIDS ON BRITAIN

### Bombs Dropped At A Number Of Points: No Serious Damage

LONDON, June 30.

An official communique states: Enemy aircraft crossed the south and east coasts last night and dropped bombs at a number of points. Our fighter patrols were active and the enemy were nowhere able to deliver a heavy attack.

In a Midland town infirmary damage and casualties were caused by bombs which fell inside a residential quarter. Other attacks made at scattered points in East Midlands, Southern England and near Bristol Channel were ineffective. A town in Scotland was also attacked with high explosive incendiary bombs, but neither damage nor casualties are reported.

Total casualties, so far known, are two killed and eight injured.

IN SOUTH-WEST TOWN

Five or six bombs fell in the centre of a south-west England town. Damage was done over a wide area, but there were no casualties. One bomb fell on the edge of an air raid shelter. It wrecked shops and houses in the vicinity, but the shelter was not damaged.—Reuter.

### *"FALLEN FAR SHORT OF BLITZKRIEG"*

LONDON, June 29.

German air action against Britain since the fall of France has "fallen far short of Blitzkrieg", which will probably precede and undoubtedly accompany any attempted invasion of this "island fortress", writes Reuter's Air Correspondent.

Fighter pilots have been agreeably surprised by the skill of searchlight crews keeping raiders in view and at the same time keeping dark their own shadow tactics. They are full of praise too for anti-aircraft gunners, who hold off fire when they dash into attack and resume when they themselves stand off. Undoubtedly, German air crews are gaining experience of raiding Britain at night, a very hard school. Twenty-one different crews will at least learn no more. Their career was cut short when they were shot down to death or captivity. The fate of many others in aircraft badly damaged is uncertain.

Reports from areas in England, Scotland and Wales raided all testify this weakened to the fact that the raiders are now flying at a great height in an attempt to avoid the searchlights. Bombs dropped caused most of the casualties and material damage to civilian life in the country, but the toll was relatively light.—Reuter.

### *BOMBS FALL IN SWISS CANTON*

BERNE, June 30.

**It is announced that twelve bombs fell in fields in Canton Schwyz in Central Switzerland during the night. They did not cause much damage and there were no victims.**

**An inquiry is stated to have revealed that the bombs were British.—Reuter.**

### *BR. BOMBERS OVER HOLLAND & GERMANY*

LONDON, June 29.

The Air Ministry announces that Coastal Command Aircraft carried out routine reconnaissance patrols and convoy duties round Britain and over North-east as far as Scandinavia yesterday. One of our aircraft failed to return.

Our bombers continued night operations over France, Holland and Germany. Much damage was done to chemical factories, marshalling yards canal traffic and aerodromes.

In the morning, the Coastal Command Aircraft again attacked the Willemsoord harbour setting on fire a supply depot and lighting installation. All our aircraft returned safely from both night and day operations.—Reuter.

## FIND OF COINS OF ASOKA

### Sequel To Excavations In South Indian Town

MADRAS, June 30.

A jug containing gold coins of the time of Asoka (268-226 B.C.) was found on Thursday during excavations for the laying of a drain in Gollapetta at Hasur, writes a correspondent.

The Special Officer of the local Panchayat collected 76 gold coins weighing 27 tolas at the spot and also obtained statements from the people of the locality.—A.P.

# Our Tabulated Adlets

## 1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

**CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns** on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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**STILL ONE MORE FACILITY** is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

**ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure** correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

**20. MATRIMONIAL**

**Wanted Punjabi Brahmin match** for girl, 16 years, Hindi passed, learning English. Box No. 13371 "Bombay Chronicle."

**42. SITUATIONS VACANT**

**Wanted B.A.S.T.C., B.A.B.T. or B.Sc.** Lady Teachers for a Girls' High School Apply stating qualifications, experience and minimum pay expected to the Hon. Secretaries, Shakuntala Kantilal Jain Girls' School, Devkaran Mansion, Princess Street, Bombay. (13356)

**Hargovandas Lakhmichand College** of Commerce, Ahmedabad. Wanted immediately a Professor of Advanced Banking, who can teach other Commercial subjects as well. A person with experience of teaching will be preferred. Salary Rs. 200-25|2-300 with benefit of Provident Fund on confirmation. Applications stating qualifications experience and the date on which he can join should reach the Secretary, Ahmedabad Education Society, Bhadra, Ahmedabad before the 5th of July. (2846)

**Public Service Commission, Bengal.** Applications are invited from male candidates to fill two posts of Inspector in the Bengal Boilers Service. Subject to qualified candidates being available, one post is reserved for Muslims and one for non-Muslims. The scale of pay is Rs. 225-25|2-275-50|2-375-25|2-450-50|2-650 (efficiency bar after 10th stage). A notice regarding the posts appears in Part II of the Calcutta Gazette of the 4th April, 1940. Copies of the notice and form of application may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore (24 Parganas), personally or on sending a half anna stamped envelope bearing full address. Applications should reach the Secretary not later than the 15th July, 1940. (2871)

**141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS**

**Sydenham College of Commerce:** Evening Classes are held at the College for preparing students for the First R. A. Examination and also for the Sydenham College Diplomas in Accountancy and Secretarial Practice. Students desirous of training for the Final Examination can join the Senior Diploma Class in Accountancy. Admissions made daily. (2853—A)

## Public Notices

**GOVERNMENT Announcements** Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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**THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.**

LOST ALLOTMENT LETTER

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Allotment letter No. 3076 in respect of fifteen Ordinary Shares No. 171811 to 171825 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. standing in the name of Pari Jeshangbhai Purshotamdas has been LOST, MISLAID or DESTROYED. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay, No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate allotment letter will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Date 1st July, 1940.

**THEH CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.**

As modified up to date

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as modified up to date, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the 5th day of August, 1940, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe fresh curves in substitution for the existing regular line of Grant Road between Duncan Road and its junction with Victoria Gardens Road and Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road on both the sides, (North and South.)

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1940.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
(2873)

**141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS**

**Marris College of Hindustani Music,** Lucknow. Admissions begin on July 10. Impart first class training in Vocal and Instrumental music, Dance, Band, Instrument manufacturing and Repairing, Teachers Training classses and Juvenile training Diploma and degree recognised for Government service. Fees moderate. Prospectus for annas six. Postage extra. Apply to Registrar, Bhatkhande University of Indian Music. Arrangement for Ladies Hostel under lady Superintendent has been made. Intending lady students should communicate at once (13318)

**MOTOR DRIVING TUITION**

**People wishing to learn motor-**driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13370 "Bombay Chronicle."

**345. COMMERCIAL TRAINING**

**Government Commercial Class** (Elphinstone High School, Bombay). Students prepared for the full course for Government Commercial Diploma Examination and also in single subjects such as Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting, etc. Evening Classes from 6 to 8 p. m. for Matriculates. Admissions made daily. (2854—D)

## Public Notices

**G. I. P. RAILWAY**

RATE CIRCULARS.

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Supplement to Foreign Rate Circular No. 3 of 1910, has been issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or Stations.

(2870)

## Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 934 of 1940.

SWAMI NISHKULANANDJI SWAMI SOMESHARANANDJI of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dnaneshwar Math, Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff.

Vs.

(1) SWAMI GOPALANANDJI DNANANANDJI of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dnaneshwar Math, Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay. (2) TOKERSEY DOSA of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Laxmi Narayan Lane, Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay. (3) GANESH GOVIND NAVRE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sion, outside the Fort of Bombay, and (4) GIRDHARLAL V. DAMANIA on behalf of himself and other disciples holding his views of the late Swamiji Someshwaranandji of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant in the employ of Messrs. Lam and Co. Solicitors at Dalal Street, within the Fort of Bombay .....Defendants.

To,

GIRDHARLAL V. DAMANIA,

on behalf of himself and other disciples holding his views of the late Swamiji Someshwaranandji.

NOTICE UNDER ORDER 1 RULE 8 OF THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Divatia on the 4th day of June, 1940. Notice is hereby given under Order 1 Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the Plaintiff has filed in this Hon'ble Court, the above suit against the defendants Nos. 1 to 3 and against the defendant No. 4 on behalf of himself and all the persons interested in the Dnaneshwar Math at Matunga other than those who are in favour of the Plaintiff praying inter alia for the following reliefs:—

(1) That it may be declared that the plaintiff is the duly nominated heir and successor to Swami Someshwaranandji alias Soma Suryanandji and is entitled to be the Mahant of the said Dnaneshwar Math at Matunga.

(2) That defendants 2 and 3 may be ordered and decreed to perform all acts and execute all documents necessary to carry out the directions of the said Swami Someshwaranandji alias Soma Suryanandji and to effectuate the plaintiff's rights as the successor of the said Swami Someshwaranandji alias Soma Suryanandji.

(3) That in the meanwhile pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit an Injunction may be granted restraining the 1st defendant and his agents and servants from obstructing or in any manner interfering with the plaintiff in the discharge of his duties as the Mahant of the said Dnaneshwar Math.

(4) That in the meanwhile pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the 1st defendant may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from acting as the Mahant of the said Dnaneshwar Math.

(5) That the defendants or any one of them may be ordered to pay to the plaintiff his costs of the suit or the same may be provided for.

(6) For any further and other relief which this Hon'ble Court may deem fit.

And that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 9th day of September 1940.

Dated this 27th day of June 1940.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B PATEL.
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

This 27th day of June, 1940.
Messrs. SAMANT & CO.
Plaintiff's Attorneys
2863.

## Public Notices

PETROL PRICES.

As from 1st July, 1940, the current official price of "B.O.C." and "Shell" Petrol in Bombay Island and Suburbs has been increased to Rs. 1-8-0 per gallon ex pump, and Rs. 1-9-0 per gallon in sealed cans. These prices are exclusive of the Sales Tax imposed by the Bombay Provincial Government.

BURMAH-SHELL OIL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTING CO. OF INDIA LTD.

(2877)

KEROSENE PRICES.

AS FROM 1st July, 1940, the current official prices of "RISING SUN" and "CHUKKER" Kerosene in the Island of Bombay have been increased as under:—

BULK: ex the Company's Official Shops and ex Tank Carts to Rs. 6-0-6 per unit of 8 gallons.

PACKED: in Tins to Rs. 7-4-6 per unit of 2 x 4-gallon tins.

BURMAH-SHELL OIL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTING CO. OF INDIA LTD.

(2878)

## Legal Notices

**HIGH COURT**

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1816 of 1928

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ABDULLA MANJIBHAI KHATAU & ors. ..... Defendants.

To

MAHOMEDALI MANJIBHAI KHATAU
CASSAMALI MANJIBHAI KHATAU and
KULSUMBIBI, widow of Gulamhusein Manjibhai Khatau.

The 3rd, 4th, and 10th defendants abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs have taken out a Chamber Summons that the Reference before the Commissioner for taking accounts in pursuance of the Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 11th August, 1932, be restored and that the said Commissioner do sell Frere Road property described in the said Decree for Rs. 4,000| as mentioned in the said Summons and that the Summons will be heard in Chambers on the 5th July, 1940 and in default of your appearance an ex parte Order will be passed as against you.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1940.

ARDESIR HORMUSJI
DINSHAW & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(2872)

WHERE A MAN HALTS—
A WOMAN DARES!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
TO-DAY AT
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.

EVERY SHOW
A FULL HOUSE!
Mad Cheering Plaudits for Punkaj Mullick's Melodious Music! ..... in ...
THE NEW THEATRES LIMITED
Associated Productions'
NEW THEATRES' RELEASE
"ANDHI"
(THE TEMPEST)
Co-starring:—
MOLINA, SHRILEKHA, MUZAMIL, K. C. DEY, NEMO
Follow the Crowds at—
KRISHNA
Time: 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., and Holidays at 2 p.m.

# Should Woman Earn And Share Financial Responsibility?

## Sir M. Visvesvarayya's Address At 24th Convocation Of Indian Women's University

"Indian women require education of the sort necessary to give them power of judgment and strength of purpose to feel their responsibility for their future at an early age. In my view all girls should receive citizenship training and a knowledge of elementary economics to make them useful citizens".

Thus declared Sir M. Visvesvarayya in delivering his address on the occasion of the 24th Convocation of the Shreemati Nathibai Damodner Thackersey Indian Women's University, on Saturday evening, at Sir C. J. Hall.

Sir Sitaram S. Patkar, Chancellor of the University presided.

The Chancellor, in the opening speech, said that since its inception, the University had to pass through many stages viz., ridicule, opposition, appreciation and finally active support.

A PRINCELY DONATION.

It was a matter of good fortune that this University started by Prof. D. K. Karve secured at a comparatively early stage the princely donation of 15 lakhs of Rupees from Sir Vithaldas Thackersey. The number of students had increased to nearly one hundred and was expected to increase this year. The need for constructing an additional building had been felt. Owing mainly to the efforts of Lady Thackersey a donation of one lakh of Rupees had been secured from Seth Gorthandas Khetsi Trust for the election of a building in Bombay. The University authorities trust that the public would give a generous response to the call of the University for the funds necessary for constructing additional buildings, acquiring the adjacent plots, etc.

PLEA FOR RECOGNITION.

Pending statutory recognition, the Bombay Government in 1933 recognized the degrees of the University for appointment to all Government posts and services. The Sindh Government had also recognised the degrees of the University. The Chancellor hoped that very soon statutory recognition would be granted to the University by the Government. At the suggestion of the Government, a committee had been appointed to examine into and report to the University the modifications necessary in the courses of study.

Strenuous efforts had been made by the University authorities to raise the standard of education from time to time.

The University had made provisions for primary school teachers' Diploma examination. This University which gave education through the medium of Indian languages would provide efficient teachers.

Finally he appealed to the public and Government for their support and patronage to the University in its nation-building activites.

### *Sir M. Visvesvarayya's Address*

Deliverng the Convocation Address Sir M. Visvesvaraya said:

THREEFOLD PURPOSE.

The University was started in Poona and has developed from small beginnings. It serves at present a threefold purpose: One is to impart higher education to women in their own mother tongue, English being treated as a separate compulsory subject; a second object is to give instruction in certain subjects particularly useful for the life career of a woman; a third and perhaps the most distinctive service the University is doing is that it provides higher education of the University grade to girls whose parents or parents-in-law are opposed to co-education.

Judging from the accounts that have come down to us from legendary times, there were women in ancient India who were highly educated and who held positions of influence and trust in the domestic and social life of that period. They lost that position in the dark ages that followed. It was in the middle of the last century that men of liberal views came forward to encourage the establishment of schools for the education of girls and women.

The modern feminist movement had its origin in the democratic soil of America.

The growth of education and the recent rise in the status of women in India os to a material extent due to corresponding developments in the Western world.

Women in this country have been given the power to vote in the elections for local bodies and for Legislative Assemblies. Several have distinguished themselves as educationists, doctors, legislators, and some few also as public speakers and lawyers. More interesting still, quite a number of women have contributed scientific papers at recent sessions of the Indian Science Congress. In cities like Bombay, women move freely with men in society, in public gatherings, in clubs, in field sports and even on the race course. This being a land of mass illiteracy, the proportion of educated women is small and it is, therefore, all the more creditable that so many have given a good account of themselves. They are ever active in associations and conferences, in promoting mass education, pleading the cause of political freedom, and hastening the pace of social reform. We have reason to be proud of the achievements of our sisters in the comparatively short period of a single generation."

TRAINING FOR WIFEHOOD

Dealing with the present position of women he said, "The chief aim of the great majority of women in life is to secure an acceptable husband and settle down to a happy married life. Every position, if it is to be satisfactorily filled, requires preparation and training. In the eyes of men of forethought and ambition, a woman trained to the profession of wifehood, is a far more desirable companion than an amateur wife. The training which a girl gets in her own home and under her own mother in Indian homes is admirable as far as it goes, but modern life has introduced many complexities to deal with for which a regular and systematic training is necessary.

Should woman qualify herself to earn a living and share financial responsibility for housekeeping with her husband, is another important question. There is no clearly understood direction in respect to this question in Indian social life. The middle class population dislike to see their womenfolk employed in salaried posts or wage-earning occupations outside their homes. The vast majority of women of the peasant and labour population, attend to both outdoor work and housekeeping. They have no education or training, their occupations are unorganised and many of them get no fixed wages. The careers of these unfortunate women are still primitive, ill-regulated and miserable.

SOCIAL DISABILITIES

Healthy social customs and practices are being slowly evolved in this country as a result of the example set by progressive communities living in our midst.

One of the most recent reforms is postponement of the marriageable age of girls by legislation. An evil practice amongst us is the very common one of marrying young men before they begin to earn a living. Another is the payment of a dowry which makes the parents regard the birth of a daughter as a liability and a curse. Segregation of women was a serious handicap till a couple of generations ago.

The growth of education and economic independence is leading to the substitution of reason for authority in the family. The breakdown of the joint family system, which is taking place, is a consequence.

The freedom of women in every country has varied with their education and the degree of the country's advance in civilization. Wherever education has developed, the emancipation of women has followed as a matter of course.

OUR PROBLEMS

Our problems in India concerning women differ in some respects from those of Western countries and even Japan. The aspects of women's life which ought to concern us on an occasion like this are mainly three, namely, women's progress in education, the degree of freedom conceded to them, and the contribution they are making to the country's progress, as compared with their sisters in foreign lands.

Women form half the population of the country and the bulk of that half is practically uneducated and untrained. There is no effort or policy to see women gainfully employed. Our women are unable through lack of organization and previous preparation to do even a fraction of the work that women of organized industrial countries of the West are enabled to put in.

ADVICE TO GRADUATES

It has been well said: Life is a struggle, life is hard and painful, but we have within us strength to surmount our stumbling blocks. The University should supply you with adequate introduction to the coming new world and to the duties of citizenship likely to be demanded of you, but there is need for unceasing vigilance on our own part to prepare yourself for the struggle. You have to rely on yourself; no one person can shape the life of another.

Among those who attended the Convocation were Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mathuradas Tricumji, Mayor of Bombay and Prof. D. K. Karve.

The Chancellor conferred degrees on the successful candidates.

## BUILD UP YOUR STRENGTH

### Way To Make Andhra A Separate Province

That nothing tangible was likely to emerge out of the political conversations now proceeding at Simla was the view expressed by Mr. T. Prakasam, ex-Revenue Minister, Madras Government, in the course of a talk on 'our future", which he gave, in the premesis of the Andhra Mahasabha, on Saturday evening. He thought that Gandhiji, could not reconcile his out-and-out non-violence with any measure of co-operation in the prosecution of the war.

Mr. Venkatrao Seista presided.

Mr. Prakasam thought that it was a grave illusion to believe that Britain would voluntarily surrender her power over India. The only way for India was to grow stronger. In this connection he pointed out that the constructive programme adumbrated by Gandhiji would go a long way in building up their strength.

There was not the slightest doubt that under a free and National Government, Andhra would have a separate province. The Congress Cabinet of Madras was unanimous in its support of the demand for a separate Andhra Province. But the scheme fell through owing to other causes. He thought, however, that in about five years, it should be possible to build up their strength in such a way, that India would have a full-fledged National Government.

## *POONA MEDICO COMMITS SUICIDE?*

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, June 27.

Dr. S. V. Kolhatkar, L.C.P.S., aged 25 is reported to have committed suicide at his residence in Saraswati Bhuwan, Fergusson College Road, by hanging himself in his room. A letter found in the room stated that he was committing suicide as he had no ideal for which he would live. Some disappointment is suspected to be the cause of the suicide.

## Nagpur Bomb Explosion Sequel

NAGPUR, June 29.

The City Police, led by Rai Bahadur Tarachand, Deputy Superintendent, have arrested a man in connection with the explosion near a local cinema on the night of June 21 as a result of which one man was killed and three others injured. The police are reported to have found in the possession of the arrested man ingredients for manufacturing explosives similar to the ingredients found by the police on the scene of the explosion.—A.P.

## Election To Municipalities Postponed

MADRAS, June 28.

Owing to abnormal circumstances and conditions arising out of the war the Government have decided to postpone until next year, elections to certain municipalities and local Boards in eight districts, the elections for which are due this year. The executive authorities of Municipal Councils and presidents of District Boards have been instructed not to incur any expenditure on preparations for elections.—United Press.

## Collision On B. N. Railway

NEW DELHI, June 29.

The Assistant Transportation Officer, Chakradharpur B. N. Railway wires that as a result of the collision of the goodstrains at Jeraikela station to-day, minor injuries were caused to some railway staff.

The line is obstructed. Arrangements have been made to transhipp passengers.—A. P.

## SHALL VEST IN CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY

SIMLA, June 28.

It is announced that all property immovable belonging to or held by or managed on behalf of Mr. Piscopo Giuseppe, cloth dealer, Simla, Mr. A. Massa, Dentist, Simla, and Ritz Hotel, Churchgate Reclamation, Bombay, shall vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.—A. P.

SIMLA.—M. A. Sooft, I.C.S., Sessions Judge, Peshawar, took over charge of office of the Judge, Judicial Commissioner's Court.—A.P.

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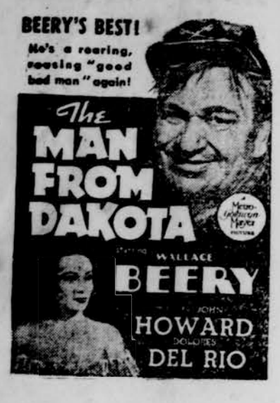
METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 81045




Girls, Beware of a Bad Man with a Young Son!

GOD BLESS YOU!

Know 'RAJU' IN

CIRCO'S Epic Modern on Woman's Love Divine

"SOHAG"

ROYAL' JEWEL NO. 12 IN

4th WEEK

Stars: KUMAR, MUZHAR, BIBBO, ASHALATA.

MAJESTIC

Daily:—4-30, 7-15, 10 p. m.
AMAS Matinee 1-45 p. m.

STILL
The Leading Show in Town

HINDUSTAN'S
Thought-provoking Social

SAUBHAGYA

*Starring:*
Mrs. Shobhana Samarth, Prem Adib, Miss Pradhan, K. N. Singh

*The film you should see with your family*

2ND WEEK at

Roxy

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p. m.

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
★ GARY COOPER
in the NEW "BEAU GESTE"

ENNOBLING HUMAN DRAMA
PRABHAT'S FILM-BIOGRAPHY
DNYANESHWAR
7th WEEK at
CENTRAL
MARATHI: 4, 7 p. m.
HINDI: 9-45 p. m.

# BOMBAY and SUBURBS

## Local Engagements

### To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 11, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 24, 1359
Parsi: Deh 30, 1309
Hightide: 9-22; 20-26
Lowtide: 2-29; 15-04
Sunrise: 6h. 5m.
Sunset: 7h. 20m.

A.R.P. COURSE FOR DIVISIONAL WARDENS "A".

Under this series Mr. Kup Ferodh will give a lecture on "Rescue and Salvage Work" to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m., Electric House, Fort.

MEETING OF DAWOODI BOHRAS

Dawoodi Bohras will hold a general meeting at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Monday, July 1 at 5 p.m. when His Holiness Sardar Saiyedna Taher Saifuddin Saheb will preside.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

Dastur Framroze A. Bode will speak on "Iran's Contribution to Human Progress" on Wednesday, 3rd instant, at 5-30 p.m. at the P. V. M. Gymkhana, Cooperage.

DAWOODI BOHRAS' MEETING

A general meeting of the Dawoodi Bohras will be held at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, regarding War efforts, to-day (Monday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) when His Holiness Sardar Saiyedna Taher Saifuddin Saheb will preside.

DASTURJI BODE'S LECTURE AT FASALI ATASH KADEH.

Tiryan festival will be observed to-day (Monday) at Petit Fasali Atash Kadeh, New Marine Lines, Jashan ceremony will be performed at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.). At 6-15 p.m. Dastur Framroze A. Bode will deliver a lecture on "Zoroastrian Literature of Yasht.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.), at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, when Mr. Behramgore Tehmuras Anklesaria, will give an exposition in Gujarati of the Vahishta Ishti Gatha (Yasna Ha 53), strophe 1. The lecture is open to the public.

A. R. P. CLASSES

Under the auspices of the Scouts' Union Ambulance Centre St. John Ambulance Association classes for men and women will be conducted in Air Raid Precaution (Instructors' Course); First Aid Home Nursing; Hygiene and Sanitation in the Orient High School: Kelewadi Girgaum Road, every Sunday at 3 p.m. (S.T.) commencing from to-day. Persons desiring to take benefit of these classes are requested to enlist their names with the Hon. Secretary, G. S. Kothare, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

MINERVA
Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M.
Sat. Sun. & Holidays
Matinee at 1-45 P.M.

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Bahurani

THE PICTURE that has captured fan admiration

★ KISHORE SAHU
★ ROSE
★ ANURADHA

A treat for you and your family

★

MUSIC & SONGS GALORE

★

2ND GLORIOUS WEEK

★

Book Your Seats Early

JOIN THE CROWDS AT

MINERVA

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

ALICE FAYE · WARNER BAXTER
BARRICADE

EXTRA
"CANADA AT WAR"
LATEST "MARCH OF TIME"

## Amusements Of The Day

EXCELSIOR—"Virginia City". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Barricade". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Man From Dakota". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Beau Geste". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"My Son, My Son!" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Sohag". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Civil Marriage." Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Vijay Kumar". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Azad". Daily at 4-30 7 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Life's For Living". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

## PICTURE OF PLANNED SOCIETY IN INDIA

### *N. P. C.'s Stupendous Task Nearing Completion: Enormous Amount Of Useful Material Collected: Jawahar's Statement*

**"THE great lesson to be learnt from the happening in the world to-day is that the present order in the world, political, economic and social, is all awry, and requires complete reshaping. India will have to face this problem with all its fundamental implications very soon and if we are not ready for it, we shall miss great chances, and circumstance that history will offer to us."**

**So said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the course of a statement at the conclusion of the fourth sessions of the National Planning Committee.**

### *LAND POLICY DISCUSSED*

**The National Planning Committee continued discussion on the Land Policy-Committee's Report on Sunday afternoon. Mr. T. Prakasam, ex-Revenue Minister of Madras, participated in the discussions.**

**The present session of the Committee came to a close on Sunday with a vote of thanks to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee is expected to meet again towards the end of August.**

### *Chairman's Statement*

In the course of a statement issued at the conclusion of the Session Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said:—

"During our fourth sessions of the National Planning Committee, which concluded to-day, we advanced a few steps further in the direction we are aiming at. We considered the reports of many important sub-committees and arrived at certain far-reaching decisions. The end of our work is not near yet, but we can now see it approaching. We have considered over 20 reports out of 29. We have now to finish the consideration of the remaining 7 or 8 and then to proceed laying down the principles which should govern the N.P.C.'s Final Report. Many of these principles have already been laid down in the resolutions we have passed, but many important matters still remain to be considered. We have decided to proceed with our work as speedily as possible and for this purpose, we are going to meet in full committee in the last week of August in Bombay. I hope that during the next sessions, we shall lay down these general principles which should govern our Report. The draft will then be prepared and a further meeting of the Planning Committee will have to be held later in the year to consider this draft report.

ENORMOUS MATERIAL COLLECTED

As we have proceeded with this great task, its magnitude has become more and more apparent. The Congress President has been good enough to extend the time allotted to us. We have not wasted this time but hard work has been going on and an enormous amount of useful material has been collected. The public will form some idea of how we are proceeding from the resolutions we have published. But these separate resolutions will give little idea of the full nature of the problem which is not one of advance in one section or another, but of a full co-ordinated activity and advance in all sectors of national life. It is a brave task which we cannot presume to do adequately with the material at our disposal, but I am convinced that what we are doing will be of enormous use to the statesmen of the future who will have the shaping of a new and free India. Therefore, we are proceeding with this task with all earnestness and perseverance regardless of external events and the mighty happenings that are transforming the world.

A SECURE FOUNDATION

Indeed, these very revolutionary changes that are coming all over the world make it incumbent on us to proceed with our task. Some of our members were of opinion that under present conditions, we should postpone our activities, but the great majority were convinced that we should continue and we have continued and shall continue. The great lesson to be learnt from the happenings in the world to-day is that the present order in the world, political, economic and social is all awry, and requires complete reshaping. India will have to face this problem with all its fundamental implications very soon and if we are not ready for it, we shall miss great chances that circumstance and history will offer to us. Therefore, it is even more important to-day, than it was yesterday, for us to pursue our task and to complete it in such a measure as we can under present circumstances. The task of the National Planning Committee is, in effect, never completed, for it goes on with the life and progress of the nation. But, we shall complete drawing up this initial and inadequate picture of a Planned Society in India and we have no doubt that whatever changes may be made in it in future, this edifice will serve as a secure foundation to build upon.

PAY HEED TO N.P.C.

I trust that the public, in spite of its preoccupations, and anxieties, will pay heed to what the National Planning Committee is doing. For, the future of the community, that is, all of us who live in India and have the future of India at heart, is intimately involved in the measures that will have to be taken before long in this country in the political, economic and social domain.

We have had full co-operation of not only the members of the Committee, but of large number of others, busy experts and public men, who have given time and energy in the sub-committees to this task. We have also had co-operation from some of the Provinces and States. To all these I should like to offer my thanks."

ANNIVERSARY OF THE LATE MAHARAJA OF SAWANTWADI.

The Vaishyu Subjects of Sawantwadi State will celebrate the third death anniversary of H. H. Bapusaheb Maharaja of Sawantwadi to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. at Pavaskar Class, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum, Bombay.

FREE SANSKRIT CLASSES

Under the auspices of Shriman Muni Maharaj Shree Mohanlalji Jain Central Library and Sanskrit Pathshala, Pandit Nagesh will conduct free Sanskrit Classes for High School and College Students, both in the morning from 8 to 10 a.m (S.T.) and at night from 8 to 10 p.m. (S.T.) every day from 1st July in the Library Hall, near Madhav Baug.

BAN ON MANGOES AND MELONS

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes :—

As a large number of pilgrims from all parts of India are expected to visit the pilgrim centre of Pandharpur, during the Ashadhi Fair, the District Magistrate, Sholapur, has prohibited the import and sale of mangoes and melons within the Municipal limits of Pandharpur from July 6 to July 25, both days inclusive, i.e., during the Ashadhi Fair, as these fruits are a danger to the public health and a source of outbreak of cholera.

## FORD'S DECISION CLARIFIED

### Factories In Empire Countries To Do Their Utmost For Britain

BOMBAY, June 29.

The Ford Motor Car Company in India in a statement to the press say:—

Mr. Ford has issued a statement, in which he declares, that his decision not to build airplane engines for other than the defence of the United States, in no way affects the policies of Ford Companies in Canada, England and other Empire countries.

MR. FORD'S STATEMENT

Mr. Ford says: "The Ford Motor Company of Canada Ltd., at Windsor, Ontario, and other Ford plants located in the British Empire are using their facilities to the utmost, for the production of military euipment, for the defence of the British Empire. They are serving their people as they should do, and as I would do if permitted and if occasion required. I am against war in any form. I have no animosity against any people or any race or nation whatsoever. I shall be glad when wars will cease all over the world".

IN CANADA

Mr. W. R. Campbell, President of Ford Motor Company of Canada said: "The Ford Motor Company of Canada has been actively engaged in manufacturing mechanical transport for Canada and other British Overseas Dominions, since the commencement of hostilities, and our entire manufacturing facilities are at the disposal of the Government for the defence of the Empire".

IN INDIA

Mr. B. O. Stevenson, Managing Director of Ford Motor Company of India, stated: The Ford Motor Company of India has been supplying large numbers of vehicles of various types for the defence of India, both before and after the outbreak of war; they have enlarged their production facilities accordingly and they could be depended on for a continuance of their maximum war effort.—A. P.

### Stabbed To Death

Chuttan Habibulla, residing on the third floor of Subedar Chawl at Bhoiwada third lane was stabbed with a knife by some person on Sunday afternoon.

It appears that he had some quarrel with some of the residents of the building at the water-tap in the morning. In the afternoon at 3 p. m., it is alleged, he was stabbed with a knife as a result of which he received serious injuries and died on the spot.

The Nagpada Police have arrested one Tara and some other persons in this connection.

### PHOTO-COPYING OF DOCUMENTS

#### Accepted As Permanent Arrangement: Registration Dept.'s Report

A conspicuous increase in compulsory registrations is recorded in the Bombay Registration Department's report for 1939.

The figures for documents affecting both sales and leases showed a rise. In sales the increase was about 4 per cent., though the value of property affected was lower than in 1938.

The total number of registrations during the year was 250,155, an increase of 2.7 per cent. on the previous year's figure of 243,443. Optional registrations affecting immovable property, however, fell from 6,980 to 6,562.

There was a fall in the value of the immovable property affected and, mainly due to this, the gross income of the Department declined from Rs. 14,50,333 in 1938 to Rs. 13,98,542. The replacement of retired men by new men on reduced scales of pay and the retrenchment of some clerks' posts, on the other hand, reduced expenditure from Rs. 5,28,314 to Rs. 4,86,995.

The report adds that the system of copying documents by photography, in force since 1921 as an experimental measure, was accepted by the Government as a permanent arrangement. The number of documents received for photo-copying in 1939 was 108,107, against 103,339 in the previous year.

ORIENTAL LIFE POLICY HOLDERS' DIRECTORS.

The election of policy holders' directors to the Board of Directors of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, as required by the new Insurance Act, has resulted in a striking victory of the three candidates sponsored by the Congress. They are: Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, M.L.A., Mr. Pashabhai C. Patel and Mr. Kantilal Ishwarlal.

The following is the result of the voting.

| | Votes |
|---|---|
| Mr. Ratilal Gandhi | 13,931 |
| Mr. Pashabhai C. Patel | 13,891 |
| Mr. Kantilal Ishwarlal | 13,794 |
| Mr. J. D. Pastakia | 3,459 |
| Mr. M. J. S. Kharas | 1,052 |
| Mr. S. N. Guzdar | 47 |
| Mr. Chand Bahadur | nil |
| Mr. Harisingh Marwah | nil |

The first three have been declared duly elected at a special general meeting held on Saturday afternoon.

FREE MATRICULATION COACHING CLASSES

Under the auspices of the Gomantak Hindu Vidyarthi Mandal, free Matriculation coaching classes conducted by experienced teachers will commence from 15-7-1940. Particulars can be had from the office of the Mandal at Walker Building Tribhovan Road, Bombay-4, between 6-45 and 8 p.m., any day, before 15th July.

## Aeroplane Production In India

### *WALCHAND'S DELHI MISSION: "SCINDIA HOUSE" CONFERENCE*

BOMBAY, June 29.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand Chairman of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, who has been for some time past negotiating with the Government of India for the establishment of an Indian-owned aeroplane building factory in India, left for Simla to-day by the Frontier Mail to meet the Hon. Mr. H. Dow, Vice-President of the War Supply Board, for the finalisation of that scheme. Mr. Walchand was accompanied by Mr. Pawley, who arrived in Bombay yesterday in his special aeroplane. Mr. Pawley had been building aeroplanes for the Chinese Government for the last three years.

Mr. M A. Master, General Manager of the Scindia Company, Mr. George Sallett, Legal Adviser to Mr. Pawley and Mr. MacCarty, Chief Engineer to Mr. Pawley, also left for Simla by the same train.

Mr. Pawley and his colleague, immediately after their arrival in Bombay, held several conferences with Mr. Walchand Hirachand and his friends at "Scindia House" before they proceeded to Simla.

Interviewed by the "United Press" prior to his departure Mr. Walchand hoped that with the support of the Government of India he would be able to build at an early date aeroplanes of all kinds in this country.—United Press.

### REPEAL ARMS ACT

BOMBAY, June 29.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M.L.A., (Central) sent the following telegram to Mahatma Gandhi at Simla to-day:—

"Please urge on the Viceroy that to make India defence-minded the Arms Act should be repealed at least in the case of Indians with educational and property qualifications."—A. P.

CRUEL SHOCK FOR STOMACH SUFFERER

"Only an operation can save you"

A cold shudder went down the spine of a gentleman recently. He had been suffering from stomach ulcers and, with a shock, heard the verdict that only an operation would save him. As a preliminary his doctor sent him into hospital where they put him on Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, a frequent practice in big hospitals treating stomach trouble.

In his letter to Macleans, this gentleman says: "In six weeks I walked out of that hospital a new man." And no operation, either! You can imagine the jump-for-joy feeling of the stomach sufferer threatened with an operation who finds he has been cured without one. Well, you don't need to go very far to get the benefit of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. You can buy a bottle from your chemist for use in your own home. In a short time you will be eating and enjoying all the good things that used to make life worth living, all because of the wonder-working effects of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder.

Be sure to ask for MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder, which is only genuine if the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" appears on carton and bottle, and the red seal on the carton. Never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets). Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Edward Small PRESENTS
my son, my son!
FROM THE BEST-SELLING NOVEL BY HOWARD SPRING
MADELEINE CARROLL
BRIAN AHERNE LOUIS HAYWARD
NEW EMPIRE 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
*Free List entirely suspended*

ERROL FLYNN MIRIAM HOPKINS
Virginia City
A CITY OF GOLD ...MEN OF BRASS ...RULED BY LEAD!
with RANDOLPH SCOTT · HUMPHREY BOGART · FRANK McHUGH · ALAN HALE · GUINN "Big Boy" WILLIAMS
Directed by MICHAEL CURTIZ · A WARNER BROS.-First Nat'l Picture · Original Screen Play by Robert Buckner · Music by Max Steiner
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
*Free List entirely supended*

ON IMPORTANT OCCASIONS

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 1, 1940

# CONSCRIPTION WITHOUT FREEDOM

The Government of India's Ordinance conscripting the services of Indian and Anglo-Indian technicians in this country for war production is the first of its kind in the country. Some years ago conscription was regarded in free and democratic countries as a serious encroachment on individual liberty except as a last resort in facing foreign aggression. But stern necessity and the example of undemocratic countries has made conscription a necessary war measure. Its sting in free democratic countries is removed by the fact that it is enforced by popular Governments, in pursuance or anticipation of public support. The position in India is different where the Government are in no sense representative of the people. The country demanded freedom before conscription. But Government think conscription can be a success even without freedom. The Conscription Ordinance may be presumed to have been found urgent like several other war measures. Never-the-less it would have served its purpose better if Government had at least taken the sanction of the Legislature, if it was not possible immediately to accept the wider constitutional demands of the people. The Ordinance states that "the introduction of this measure, though less far-reaching than the legislation introduced in Great Britain and some of the Dominions, affords a further indication of India's resolve to join with her partners in the Commonwealth in prosecuting the war to the utmost of her power, and provides a welcome opportunity to many to play a vital part in the war on the Home Front." But Government ignore here a vital difference between the free partners in the Commonwealth, who made a free resolve of their own, and India, who has had no chance to make a free resolve, on whom was imposed, and is still being imposed, somebody else's resolve, and whose consent was not taken before the latest resolve about conscription was made.

## Safeguard Indian Industries

Apart from the constitutional aspect of the question, which will doubtless be considered by the next meeting of the Congress Working Committee, to be held this week at Delhi, it is to be hoped that the Conscription Ordinance will be so enforced as to do more good than harm to the Indian industries. It may be presumed that the persons conscripted will not, speaking generally, be the worse for it, as Government will give them handsome salaries and have got power under the Ordinance to reinstate them after the emergency is over. But care should be taken that the industries, whose reluctance to release technicians to the required extent has necessitated the Ordinance, do not suffer needlessly as a result of the conscription of their indispensable employees. Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, explaining the Ordinance, says that the compulsory measure "does not imply the inability of Government to obtain men on a voluntary basis," though Mr. Amery said that voluntary methods had not yielded satisfactory results. However, if the man on the spot is right, Government should see that voluntary methods should be tried as far as possible. And whatever loss Indian industries suffer by the conscription of their experienced technicians must be made good in all other possible ways.

## Only Way To Salvation

One important way is the training of fresh technicians. To this end Government have constituted a Departmental Committee to report within a month on the practical measures which should be taken to provide that a steady and increasing stream of skilled personnel should be produced in India for the manning of her expanding factories. And the Commerce Member assures the public that "when peace comes the range and depth of India's industrial activities will have been greatly expanded and she will have the means, so far as skilled labour is concerned, to maintain, nay increase, these activities. "It will not do to rely too much on imagination. It is easy to appoint a Departmental Committee. But even if it makes sufficiently good recommendations, Government may not like to give due effect to them. Moreover, Indian industries suffer not so much for want of technicians as of State protection. And we have no reason to be sure that after the war the present Government will give due protection to Indian industries. Economically, politically and otherwise, there is no salvation for India except through a National Government, responsible to the people. Conscription in India without freedom is a forcible reminder to her that this ideal is still a far cry.

# Japan's Activities

It is not unlikely that the present week may see serious developments in the Far East. Encouraged by the French debacle, Japan has been casting covetous eyes on French Indo-China, the Netherlands East Indies and even Hongkong. The general excuse, of course, is the war with China—it must be noted that Japan does not "even contemplate" making any representations to Russia regarding assistance to General Chiang-kai-Shek. And to prosecute it, Japan is compelled—now!—to start the blockade of the whole of the China Coast and, therefore, of Hongkong too. In this connection it is very noteworthy that, according to the Japanese High Command, the Japanese forces, which have blocked supply routes from Hongkong, are also "in such a position as to take any other action, if necessary." That is to say, the Japanese would try to squeeze the British out of Hongkong.

Moreover, the Japanese are gradually dropping the excuse of war with China and are coming out with a confession of their main objective, which is establishing Japanese hegemony over East Asia and the South Seas. M. Arita has broadcast an interesting warning to Western Powers as regards these regions. If the United States can have a Monroe Doctrine, so can Japan! Therefore, the Western Powers had better beware of exerting "undesirable influence on the stability of East Asia" and had better realise that "the destiny of these regions is a matter of grave concern for Japan"! We do not know whether Germany and Italy are included among the "Western Powers". But the "warning" is certainly addressed to Britain and the U.S.A.—Holland and France count no more How will they react and what will Japan do next? The next few days will perhaps show.

# The Next War

*(By Dr. BALKRISHNA KESKAR)*

France has capitulated. Hitler has demonstrated in practice the power of his Blitzkrieg. Whatever the formula of the final retreat or defeat of the French Government, it will not substantially change the situation which makes Hitler the uncontested master of the continent for the time being. The expected attack against England will begin soon, and may produce some terrible shocks.

How long will the tussle last? It is not safe to predict, and after the events of the last two months he is a hardy prophet who would forecast the future with confidence. But one thing is clear. The tussle will be over in two or three months or it will be prolonged for a very long period. Either the Germans will succeed in their plan of lightning war or their unrevealed tactics will meet with efficacious resistance. In the latter case, with more and more American help coming, the war situation might be completely transformed.

★

But even if the Nazis succeed in their venture at this moment and dominate the whole of Western and Central Europe, the war problem and consequently the problem of world peace will remain unsolved. This conquest cannot afford any lasting solution of outstanding international problems.

The question will naturally arise what next? Will the Nazi domination lead to a stabilisation of the situation? All signs indicate to the contrary. Leaving apart the question of the two Empires, which will raise very grave problems, even in Europe the situation will remain relatively unsettled. The two trouble spots are the Balkans and Russia. The Balkans have been spared uptill now because Hitler could do without them in this campaign. But their case is bound to come up sooner or later. Italian ambitions in Jugoslavia are well-known and it is probable that but for the successes of Hitler, which greatly emboldened Italy, Mussolini would have preferred to make the Jugoslavs his first prey. He did not persist in this direction on account of Russian opposition. Rumania is still awaiting her fate probably because Germany and Russia have not been able to agree.

★

It is significant that the Balkan group is drawing nearer to Russia. As German successes are making Fascist domination in Europe more and more probable the Balkanic countries are beginning to look more towards Russia. They dislike 'Red' politics but they are reviving pan-Slavic arguments to find in Russia their natural protector. Jugoslavia has entered into diplomatic relations with U.S.S.R. Even Bulgaria is showing a more favourable attitude towards the Soviet Union. It almost looks as if the Soviets were rallying the South-Eastern countries against a possible aggression. Since some time the Soviet radio is relatively cool towards Germany though not friendly to the Allies.

★

There is no doubt that a lightning triumph of Germany will pose the most thorny problem to Russia. Since her alliance with France, the U.S.S.R. strove wholeheartedly to build up a solid alliance of peace-loving Powers. It became a member of the League in 1935. It helped the Spanish Republic as much as it could and offered to help Czechoslovakia if attacked. But the Chamberlain policy of mistrust of the Soviets resulted in a rejection of this offer. Great Britain and France consistently betrayed the victims of aggression. The Western Powers followed a definite policy of what Mr. Chamberlain called 'appeasement' but which was really an effort to buy off the Fascist nations by some concessions. They believed that it was possible to satisfy the Fascist Powers by giving some bits here and there.

The Russian Government thought that this policy would continue to the bitter end. It had also a legitimate apprehension that Germany might be given a tacit 'carte blanche' for expansion towards the East. The Germano-Soviet accords and subsequent action were the result These accords encouraged Germany to attack Poland and precipitated a general war. It is not possible to suppose that the Soviets did not foresee the probability of a European war by its accord with Germany. They are too good politicians not to have considered this eventuality. But like all other experts, military and political, they must have counted on a long war of at least two or three years which, waged with modern weapon, was sure to exhaust both the belligerents.

But the ruthless and amazing tactics of the German High Command have upset all calculations. Its lightning attack has shattered the French Army and England is fighting alone, an eventuality one would have thought impossible at the beginning of the war. If Germany completely masters the western powers, she will have no more need of Russia. Her prestige will be immensely increased. Her power will become formidable. She can at ease face the Russian and Balkan problems.

Russia is not blamable for her ideas about the evolution of the war as most other Governments and specialists are also in the same boat. It was confidently expected that although it was difficult for the Allies to defeat the Germans it was still more difficult for the Germans to defeat the Allies with their formidable resources. Everyone, therefore thought that a protracted struggle was in prospect, and it was considered that sooner or later most of the great Powers would be involved in the conflict. But in fact, the war has been so rapid that only Italy has hastened to throw in her lot with Germany for fear of loosing share of the spoils. The other great Powers Russia, U.S.A. and Japan, are still thinking about it.

★

There is no doubt that a German triumph in the West will be a prelude to an offensive in the direction of the Balkans and Russia. It will begin when the Axis powers have consolidated their gains. If diplomatic and political pressure is not found sufficient, the Fascist Powers are not the powers to hesitate in resorting to arms. Their self-confidence will have increased beyond limits. Their recent triumphs will embolden them to attack whenever and wherever possible.

The Balkan peninsula looks the most probable battleground for the beginning of this political tug of war. The strategic importance of these countries is very great. For a continental power they are on the road to the East and consequently necessary for expansion of power. Their natural riches are also tempting. Rumania has Petrol and valuable minerals. Jugoslavia has copper and other wealth. Add to this the strategic importance of the Dardanelles as a gate to the Black Sea and Russia. A conflict is sure to arise with regard to the mastery of this strategic group. It is not possible for Russia to tolerate the dominating influence of another Power in this region and the Soviet Union will certainly try to counteract such a move by any other power. It will lead to a tension and a conflict.

★

But above all let us not forget that Hitler has a certain plan of 'readjustment' of Russia. His ambitions about Ukraine are too well-known to need repetition here. By the experience of the past months one can see that he does not forget and carries out methodically all parts of his scheme. Hitler follows the sound strategical principle of one enemy at a time, and as long as he is engaged in a struggle with one foe he is far-sighted enough, to keep on friendly terms with other prospective opponents. He followed these tactics with regard to Czechoslovakia, Austria and others. He was on most friendly terms with Poland only some months before the invasion of that unfortunate country. It would therefore be a grave mistake to suppose that simply because he has concluded a treaty of friendship with it in 1939, he has abated one jot of his ambitions regarding the U.S.S.R. In 1937 and 1938 he was professing the same sentiment for Poland. When the need for the treaty will be over, he is sure to come back to his old dream of German colonisation in the rich lands of Ukraine.

With such a conflict looming on the horizon of the near future, no one can foresee the situation or its results. It is probable that America may come in or give active help because of the menace of world domination. Japan will not remain silent or inactive when two such powerful neighbours are moving and a more terrible chapter of the world war than the one we are witnessing to-day might open. When and how it will end: none can say. We can only wait and see. What is clear is that the present war between the Allies and the Axis, which we took for the World war, is only the first round or the beginning chapter of a series of gigantic conflicts in the World war which may go on continuously or with a certain interval till a definite decision is arrived at. For the moment we can neither foresee nor imagine what it will be.

# Did Musso Get Rid Of Balbo?

LONDON, June 30.

The Foreign Office News Department states that careful investigation shows that no British aircraft were concerned in the crash of Marshal Balbo's machine and there is no truth in the statement that he fell in battle. It will be recollected that he was appointed Governor-General of Libya because his presence in Italy was inconvenient to Sgr. Mussolini. Since then he consistently opposed the policy of harnessing Italy to Herr Hitler's war machine.

His death in an unexplained aeroplane disaster recalls similar accidents in the past particularly the death at Warsaw of General von Fritsch, the opponent of Herr Hitler's home and foreign policy. The German wireless itself drew the parallel when it said, last night," Marshal Balbo's death thus occurred in the same spirit as that of General von Fritsch." As in the case of General von Fritsch and of many others truth will probably never be known. The only fact which can be established is that Marshal Balbo did not perish in a combat with the R. A. F.—Reuter.

## WHO SHOT DOWN BALBO'S PLANE?

### No Claim Made By R. A. F. Yet

CAIRO, June 30.

No claim to have shot down Gen. Balbo is so far made by the R. A. F. here. It is stated here that the R. A. F. group concerned in the attack on Tobrak on Friday did not meet a large passenger-carrying plane such as Gen. Balbo's. The plane was seen burning on the ground on Friday, but the type is not known. No pilot has so far reported having encountered such a machine as that piloted by Gen. Balbo.—Reuter.

## *10 KILLED IN BALBO PLANE CRASH*

ROME, June 30.

The nephew and brother-in-law of Marshal Balbo were among the ten killed when Marshal Balbo's plane crashed.

In addition to Marshal Balbo and a crew of four, the plane carried five passengers 'en route' to their duties at Tobruk.

The passengers killed included the Italian consul-General at Tripoli.—Reuter.

## *REFUGEES IN LISBON*

LISBON, June 30.

Many British, French, Polish and Belgian refugees have arrived during the past twenty-four hours.—Reuter.

## *BR. SUBMARINE LOST*

LONDON, June 29.

The Admiralty announces that the submarine "Grampus" is considerably overdue and must be considered lost.—Reuter.

## *Canada To Supply More Munitions*

OTTAWA, June 30.

It is announced that from tomorrow the Canadian Department of Munitions and Supply will assume work previously done in Canada by the British Supply Board and will place orders direct for the British Government.

Mr. Howe, Minister for Transport, who is also in charge of munitions, announced that since the outbreak of war orders approximating 75 million dollars and commitments approximating a further 50 million dollars have been undertaken in Canada.—Reuter.

# Frankly Speaking

## Operations Against Italy

The British are doing well, uncommonly well, against the Italians. Their Middle East Army is giving a good account of itself, their Navy is steadily sinking submarines and the R.A.F. has achieved many successes the most important being the loss to Italy of Marshal Balbo, the creator of the Italian Air Force once—but that is a long time ago—the prospective successor of Il Duce, and now Commander of Italian Forces in Libya. It is obvious that given time, the British despite the great loss to them of General Mittelhauser's forces, can decisively beat the Italians in North Africa and Abyssinia. But one of the essential conditions is mastery of the Mediterranean. It is in this connection that the question of the French Fleet again arises.

## Rumania's Partition

There is an impression in certain Hungarian and American circles that Russia's occupation of Bessarabia and Bukovina has upset the Axis Dictators and disturbed their South-East plans. This is a wrong impression. The Dictators certainly do not like Russia's advance into the Balkans. But they have temporarily reconciled themselves to it for reasons of expediency. In fact, as a Washington report suggested even before the event, Russia moved against Rumania under a prior agreement with Germany and Italy and later developments bear this out. There is thus no possibility of a conflict at present between the Axis and the Comintern. Indeed, the Axis too has achieved a very useful success through the Russian move. Rumania, urged by a desire for preserving the rest of herself, has sought Germany's protection. And it is already evident that, to secure that protection, Rumania is going to consent to full military and economic collaboration with the Axis. This means that Germany and Italy will now command all, instead of only a proportion of, the oil and cereals of Rumania. These are vital necessities for the Axis Powers in their war with Britain. Why then should they seek a quarrel with Russia—yet?

## Quite Possible

Mr. Jinnah is reported to have told Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, a Harijan leader of Maharashtra, that speaking not only on his own behalf, but on behalf of the Muslim League also, he could say that it was the cardinal principle of the Muslim League to see that the rights and interests of Harijans and all other minorities were adequately and effectively safeguarded. It is certainly possible for one Indian community to safeguard not only its own interests but also the interests of other Indian communities, irrespective of their creeds. It is, indeed, unreasonable to say that such a thing is impossible and that each large community is a separate nationality needing a separate independent home.

## Gower Street

The Indian Students' Union at Gower Street have issued a pamphlet "Serving India in War Time." It is the twentieth annual report of the Union and gives a short but important summary of its activities. Perhaps the following extract from it will speak for itself: "If there was ever a time when this institution could be said to have received an unequivocal justification of its existence, it was in the first weeks of the present war, when we were literally besieged by many of our countrymen and women for advice, help and guidance in coping with the situation brought about by active hostilities." It is not all. This Union is now unquestionably performing an indispensable service for our young countrymen in Europe by continuing to carry on as a residential and social centre. For that we in India must feel grateful and as the situation developes and England gets more and more into the throes of war, this little but well-known hostel will show how great a part it has played and can play in the life of the Indian student in England.

# TÊTE-À-TÊTE

**WITHOUT COMMENT—**

**BORDEAUX, June 29.**

**The Government is leaving here because it does not wish to sit with the German army on guard over it, says "Journal de Paris."**

**It adds the Cabinet will probably be in one town and Parliament distributed over two or three other towns.—Reuter.**

* * * *

"As regards the final outcome of the interview, observers here point out that the circumstance that Mahatma Gandhi apparently came to Simla determined to leave the same day and that he was able to stick to that programme conveys its meaning."

But what meaning?

* * * *

An emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee has been called at Delhi on July 3.

The Qaid-e-Azam does not need to call any meeting.

* * * *

The Utkal (Orissa) Provincial Congress Committee has decided to organise a communal "Unity Day" on July 15.

Let us hope that the Muslim League does not hold say, a counter-demonstration on that very day.

* * * *

According to a Japanese "communique", the Japanese forces which are blocking the supply routes from Hong-Kong are also "in such a position *as to take any action if necessary.*"

We thought we would italicise the last few words for the Japanese.

* * * *

The Japanese have now discovered the necessity of a Japanese Monroe Doctrine for the Far East.

They have, however, not yet "even contemplated"—as their spokesman would say—communicating this great discovery to the U. S. S. R. And they won't.

* * * *

**NET RESULT OF RUMANIAN INCIDENT**

**(For The Present)**

(1) Russia has grabbed Bessarabia and Bukovina and

(2) The Axis, the rest of the country.

* * * *

It is suggested that General Mittelhauser was influenced in his latest decision by General Weygand who personally flew to Syria a few days ago.

We are not surprised. We mean about General Weygand. As a matter of personal honour, he ought to do everything to dissuade others from making any effort to retrieve a situation which he and Marshal Petain have lost and pronounced as irretrievable.

* * * *

Marshal Balbo, Italy's greatest airman, was once Il Duce's right-hand man and was growing in popularity among fellow-fascists so rapidly that Il Duce had to hunt him off to Libya. There he has been killed in aerial action and the question is whether Il-Duce has thrown himself and Italy into mourning with a feeling of relief or of grief.

By the way, Marshal Balbo's casualty reminds us of the death during the Polish campaign of the famous non-Nazi German General Baron von Fritsch, who was providentially killed while carrying out "powerful reconnaissance" near Warsaw.

"Powerful reconnaissance" by a high General himself was a curious problem. So is personal participation by Libya's Commander-in-Chief in a by no means decisive air battle.

* * * *

"Tell me what is meant by the expression "Reading between the lines' "?

"Taking a book with you on a railway journey sir."

# POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Legal steps are those leading to a lawyer's office.

The Almighty never recognizes a preacher's worth by the salary he gets.

Cupid behind the arrow is more dangerous than the man behind the gun.

It's easy to be content with what we have; it's what we haven't that worries us.

Truth is mighty and will prevail. Of course it will—just as long as that which prevails is labeled the truth.

# Through Charkha To Light And Freedom

## *Rajen Babu Exhorts Women To Come Out Of Seclusion At Home And To Take Their Share In National Service*

PATNA, June 29.

**"You have become like birds in the cage. You should come out and breathe the free air. The first necessity for your mental advancement is that you should gather together. Come out and see the world; then only will the scales fall off your eyes, and you will know what is happening in your country and abroad."**

### *RAJEN BABU'S CALL TO WOMEN*

This advice was tendered by Babu Rajendra Prasad while addressing a gathering of women at Kadamkuan. The meeting was held to drive home the usefulness of conducting women's classes, one of which is already being held there for some time now, for training in "charka" and first aid.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, at the outset, observed that the greatest benefit that women would derive by attending the classes was that mental horizon would be widened because of large contacts. They would come to know about the developments in their own country and the world as a whole. At present they were confined only to their homes and babies. If they took training in "charka", first aid and other proposed subjects, they would be helpful to their men folk also. If women plied "charka" they could at least provide their own "saries".

PURDAH—A HINDRANCE

But the first necessity, he emphasised, was that women should come together. "Purdah" was a great hindrance in their progress. It was not so in Bombay, where "Desh-Sevikas" were always available for national service. For removing this backwardness in Bihar it had been proposed to start a women's organisation. But, for making the organisation a force, enthusiasm was required on their part. They should come forward and shoulder the responsibility of running the organisation. The speaker exhorted women to undertake the task and pointed out to them that they should work both inside and outside the home.

CHARGE AGAINST SOCIETY

Explaining why "charka" had been given the first place in the training, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that it had been given the primary position because in this way their progress could be measured. But, he added, the scheme of training could succeed only if women were sufficiently enthusiastic. Women should realise that if they took advantage of this opportunity they could widen their mental outlook. Society, of course, was responsible for their backwardness. But that backwardness could be removed only if they attained knowledge. And there were various ways of attaining knowledge, one of which was the coming in contact with each other.

WHY PLY THE CHARKHA

Replying to a question as to how women could serve the country through "charka", the speaker said that "charka" could be a means of livelihood to poor women. Middle class women could set an example in this respect by plying it and demonstrating thereby that there was no dishonour in it. That was only in which the poor people of the country could be served through "charka". "Charka", however, provided regular employment to women.

Besides he proceeded, money spent for Khaddar the product of Charka,—went again to the poor producers, spinners and weavers of cotton. The money on the other hand spent over mill cloth went to enrich the millowners either Indian or foreign. Khaddar, therefore, should be bought for clothing purposes. If they had to wear clothes, as wear they must, why should they not wear such clothes that might at the same time help the poor to live?—United Press.

# ROUND-UP IN ALLAHABAD

### Raids Galore In City: Eight Persons Arrested

ALLAHABAD, June 30.

The District Magistrate has issued orders for the rounding up of all bad characters in the city.

Police made a dozen simultaneous raids to-day in different parts of the city and arrested eight persons. The raids lasted nearly four hours.—A.P.

## DON'T MAKE CONDITIONS

### M. N. Roy Urges Congress To Help Fight Fascism

DEHRA DUN, June 29.

"Why should the attitude of the British Government prevent us from acting according to our conviction regarding the present European war? If it is true that the Congress leaders are perturbed by the victorious march of Fascism, why should they not act independently of whatever may be the attitude of Britain? The official Congress position until now has been to ask Britain to give India freedom, so that she could fight Britain's battles. That is a position neither honourable nor independent. The battles against Fascism are not Britain's battles. They are battles against a menace to the whole of humanity. Our participation in those battles should not be conditional upon any grace on the part of Britain."

BE REALISTIC

Thus observes Mr. M. N. Roy in the course of a statement on the latest statement of the Congress Working Committee. The Congress may still find a way out of the wilderness of inconsistencies. But those who want to lead it in this fateful moment must be ruthlessly realistic and have the courage of conviction.

"The Government of the country cannot for any length of time be carried on without the co-operation of those who command the confidence of the people.

"On the one hand, the Congress leadership should put into practice, nationally and internationally, its profession of anti-Fascism. India's contribution to the defence of civilisation against barbarism should no longer be conditional upon the motive or attitude of other parties.

"On the other hand, taking the new Secretary of State at his word, popular representatives should occupy offices."—United Press.

# No Satyagraha At Present

### But India Would Not Swallow Any Make-Believe Bait, Says Rajaji

MADRAS, June 30.

The present policy of the Congress was Non-Co-operation with the Government but not Satyagraha, observed Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar addressing a largely attended public meeting at the Congress House this evening.

Referring to the war efforts of the Government Mr. Rajagopalachariar pointed out that if the help of the entire people of the country was required they should be asked to render it by their accredited leaders. Then only would the help and sympathy come from the hearts of the people.

NO SATYAGRAHA

Mr. Rajagopalachariar dismissed all talk of Civil Disobedience for the present, and said if civil resistance was started now it would create only anger in the opponent's heart, and there would not be the true atmosphere of Satyagraha.

The Speaker incidentally referred to the emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee called for at Delhi and said that they should not entertain high hopes of it. He added that it was only natural that the Working Committee should have information of what transpired during the Gandhi-Viceroy meeting from Mahatma Gandhi himself.

"MADE AN AUTOCRAT"

Referring to the recent Government of India Bill, Mr. Rajagopalachari said that it only meant that the restraint of Parliament over the Viceroy had been removed and he had been given autocratic power.

This was a dangerous position, since it meant that the Viceroy would have to rely on the advice of his present irresponsible Executive Council.

ON WRONG TRACK

That the Central Government should be given into the hands of the people was the only demand of the Congress now, declared Mr. Rajagopalachari, but this the British Government wanted to postpone. The idea mooted by the London "Times" of an expansion or "puffing-up" of the present Viceroy's Executive Council, if it represented the true intention of the British Government, only meant that they were on the wrong track.

Advising the people not to give way to unnecessary panic, Mr. Rajagopalachariar declared that they should go on as if they were having their own Governments and conduct their business and other vocations in the normal manner.—A.P.

*Press Hopes*

# WILL GERMANY HELP RUMANIA?

## *Rumours Of More Demands From Russia Denied*

BUCHAREST, June 30.

Official quarters deny reports published abroad that Russia had demanded bases on the Danube and the Black Sea and also deny rumours of incidents on the Hungarian and Bulgarian frontiers.

General mobilisation is proceeding in perfect order.

The general attitude of the press towards the loss of Bessarabia and Bukovina is one of resignation.

The newspaper 'Curentul', which has German sympathies, expresses the hope that the wrong done to Rumania will soon be righted with the help of Germany.

ROME CONFERENCE.

The Berlin radio states that representatives of Germany, Italy, Rumania, Bulgaria, Yugoslavia and Hungary held a conference in Rome on Saturday to discuss transport and trade questions arising from recent events.

GERMANY & FINLAND.

The Berlin news agency states that trade and payments agreements between Germany and Finland were signed in Berlin on Saturday as a result of negotiations started at the beginning of June.—Reuter.

## *HITLER TO DEMOLISH 'MAGINOT LINE?*

*BERLIN, JUNE 30.*

*HERR HITLER VISITED MULHEIM AND UPPER ALSACE INSPECTING FORTIFIED WORKS OF THE MAGINOT LINE WHICH, ACCORDING TO THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY, ARE SHORTLY TO BE DEMOLISHED.—REUTER.*

## *RED ARMY'S PROGRESS*

BUCHAREST, June 30.

The Red Army continuing its advance entered Dorohoiu District.

Political circles seem to fear that the occupation will extend to the territory not originally demanded and claims will extend to the Black Sea Littoral and the Dardanelles.

The Russian demands hitherto have effected the transfer of three million people to the Soviet, including two cities with populations exceeding a hundred thousand.

A section of Rumanian opinion declares that it is necessary that the country shall satisfy the Russian demands temporarily and rapidly reinforce Rumania's political, economic and military collaboration with Germany.—Reuter.

## *WITHDRAWAL TO STIPULATED LINE*

ROME, June 29.

The official Stefani news agency in a dispatch from Bucharest states that a column of Soviet tanks which had advanced south of Herta had now rectified the error and had withdrawn to the line stipulated in the note from M. Molotov to the Rumanian Government.

The dispatch quotes the Rumanian Minister of Propaganda M. Sidorivici as having informed the press that the cession of territories was completed at noon to-day.—Reuter.

### Evacuation From Ceded Zones

BUCHAREST, June 30.

The Rumanian General Staff issued the following communique. "Following the acceptance of the ultimatum of the Government of U. S. S. R. Soviet troops entered Bessarabia on the morning of 28|6. The same day Rumanian troops started evacuation operations, handing back the towns of Cernautzi (Bukovina), Chisinau and Cetatea Alba (Bessarabia). Upto midday on 29|6, the territory ceded was up to the general line as follows—Berhomet, Cernautzi, Romancautzi, Floresti, west of Orhei, Chisinau, Causani, Lacui and Alibei. The evacuation operations are continuing according to plan."—Reuter.

## *THREE MERCHANTS ARRESTED*

SARGODA, June 29.

Three shopkeepers, who are alleged to have refused to sell sugar when offered a Ten Rupee Note, were arrested by the police at Bhera under the Defence of India Act.—A. P.

# Avoid Waste By Ending Duplication Of Work

## Mrs. Munshi On Functions Of Local Bodies And Provincial Government

Presiding over the Maharashtra Divisional Conference of Local Bodies Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation on Saturday said:—

The Kale Committee has made detailed recommendations regarding the finance, functions and administration of local bodies. We are all aware that under the Government of India Act, 1935, which inaugurated the so-called Provincial Autonomy, the constitutional position of local bodies has materially changed. Local Self-Government has practically ceased to be of interest to Central Government even to the extent that their sources of income which found place in the schedule of Taxes of Devolution Rules of the Government of India Act of 1919 have been thrown in a melting pot and have no longer any separate recognition. The functions and finances of local bodies have now to be developed on their own lines in each individual province.

The result of this change is that the local bodies in each province will have carefully to watch every fiscal measure of the Provincial Government with a vigilant eye and examine whether there are any encroachments made on their legitimate financial resources. The fight between local bodies and Provincial Governments regarding their respective fields of taxation though not new, has now begun in right earnest, almost in all the Provinces.

FUNCTIONS

I will now deal with one of the important functions of local bodies. To me no subject is of greater importance for the general uplift of a nation than that of Primary Education. Compulsory and free Primary Education should be introduced everywhere at an cost.

AVOID WASTE

It is not generally realised that duplication of the work at present done by the local bodies and the Provincial Government accounts for much of the financial waste, loss of energy and friction between the agencies duplicating the work. The truth of these remarks is evident in the matter of roads, public buildings, and minor irrigation works. These are all managed at present by Public Works Department under the direct management of the Provincial Government. The local boards should very well undertake the management, provided of course the funds expended by the Provincial Authorities are allocated to them.

SLUM CLEARANCE

The Committee has done well to emphasise the growing problem of slum clearance and the live question of the housing of the poorer section of the population and of the Harijan employees of local bodies.

FRANCHISE QUESTION

I shall now take up a few problems connected with the constitution and administration of local bodies. The principal question relating to the constitution is the introduction of universal adult franchise. It is estimated by the Committee that at present about 21 per cent of the population in the Municipal and 9 per cent of the Local Board Area enjoy the right of voting and that on the basis of adult franchise 50 per cent of the population will be enfranchised. I am glad that the Committee do not accept any administrative excuses for the introduction of the adult franchise.

As regards elections to local bodies, the Committee have refrained from making recommendations on the burning issue of Joint vs. Separate Electorates though they have shown a preference for the former and recommended reservation of seats for Mahomedans, Harijans and Women. I for one am for joint electorates and I pray that our country may become ready to accept this electoral system at no distant date.

Local government is an art, as all other governments are. And such of us who are doing public work, when we undertake to work the local bodies we must be prepared to make it a primary concern of our life. It was by dedicating some of the best years of their lives that Sir Pherozeshah Mehta and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, in face of Government opposition, built up magnificent traditions of two of our largest Cities, Bombay and Ahmedabad.

# CAPTAIN PITT-RIVERS DETAINED

### Author Of "World Significance Of Russian Revolution"

LONDON, June 29.

Captain George Henry Lane Fox Pitt-Rivers of Manor House Hinton St. Mary, Dorset has been detained under the Defence Regulations.

Capt. Pitt-Rivers is Lord of the Manor of Hinton St. Mary and a prominent landowner in Dorset and Wiltshire. He served in the last war in the Royal Dragoons and from 1920 to 1924 was successively Private Secretary and A.D.C. to the Governor-General in Australia.—Reuter.

(Captain Pitt-Rivers served in the great European war 1914-18 and was wounded. He was the Hon. Gen. Secretary of the International Union for the Scientific investigations of Population Problems 1931. Among his publications may be mentioned "The World Significance of Russian Revolution" and the "Clash of Culture and Contact of Races".)

## *WHERE NORTHERN IRELAND STANDS*

### *Lord Craigavon's Terms For Co-operation With De Valera*

LONDON, June 29.

Lord Craigavon, Northern Ireland Premier, at a meeting at Countydown gave reply to the suggestion that Northern Ireland and Eire should join in a common defence scheme against enemy aggression. He pointed out that if an All-Ireland Parliament had been in existence at the outbreak of hostilities, Britain would have been faced with All-Ireland neutrality to-day and British troops would have been unable to land on Irish soil. He will be no party to any change in the Northern Ireland constitution, which assured them full partnership in the United Kingdom and British Empire, but he was prepared to co-operate closely with Mr. De Valera on matters of Defence provided he took his stand on the side of Britain and the Empire and cleared out German and Italian representatives from the Eire.—Reuter.

## *WILL U. S. FLEET ARRIVE IN CANADA?*

### *Entrances Protected By Anti-Submarine Nets*

PANAMA, June 30.

Canal entrances will be protected by anti-submarine nets installed on the sides of the Channel ready to be sunk across in case of necessity. On the pacific side, net is already in position and that on the Atlantic side will be installed soon.

The precautions are believed to be connected with the reports that the United States fleet will arrive in Panama Canal from Hawaii on Friday.

I is believed that it will pass to the Atlantic and make its base in Isthmian waters. Anti-aircraft guns have been installed along the roads throughout the entire Isthmus and may be in full public view.

United States army officials state that the precautions are merely "an intensification of training".—Reuter.

## *AMERICAN BUDGET*

### *Most Costly In Country's History*

WASHINGTON, June 30.

With a deficit of approximately 3,700 million dollars, the government begins the new fiscal year on Monday which, on account of the new Defence programme will have the most costly budget in American history.

The expiring fiscal year produced new spending record of 9,600 million dollars, while revenue totalled 5,900 million dollars.—Reuter.

LOTHIAN CONFERS WITH C. HULL

WASHINGTON.—Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador in the United States and Richard Stracey, Australian Minister in Washington had a talk with Mr. Cordell Hull on developments in the Far East.

### Prefers To Leave Child At Home

LONDON, June 29.

After Lady Mosley was driven away, police officers made a search of the house. It is learned that Lady Mosley was given the opportunity of taking her baby with her but she left the child behind.—Reuter.

## *OFFICES OF PROFIT IN FIGHTING SERVICES*

### *Disqualification Of U. P. Legislators To Be Removed*

LUCKNOW, June 30.

An Act to remove the disqualification of members of the U. P. Legislature from holding offices of profit in His Majesty's naval, military, or air forces in India has been promulgated by the Governor of U. P. The Act which is to be called the "U. P. Legislative Member Removal of Disqualification Act 1940", has already received His Excellency's assent.

One of the members of the U. P. Legislature has already been called for service in the Indian Territorial Force and it is understood other members may be called up for service.

Assent has also been given to the U. P. Legislature (Suspension of Salaries and Emoluments) Act 1940 as well as the temporary postponement of the Execution of Decrees Amendment Act, 1940. The former provides for the non-payment of salaries to officers and members of the Legislature so long as the proclamation under Section 93 of the Government of India Act remains in Force.—A. P.

### Fire In Mohamedali Road

A fire broke out on the first floor of a building situated at the Mohmedali Road, on Sunday afternoon. The estimated damage as a result of the fire appears to be about Rs. 4,000.

The cause of the fire is not known.

### When Socialist Party Executive Meets

BOMBAY, June 30.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, announces that the National Executive of the Party will meet two days before the A. I. C. C. meeting at Poona. The final dates will be notified later.—United Press.

"SERIOUSLY INJURED."

BORDEAUX:—M. Reynaud was seriously injured on the head, according to a report from Montpelier.—Reuter.

## *GUJARAT MUST FALL IN LINE WITH MAHATMA*

AHMEDABAD, June 30.

Mahatma Gandhi has confidence in Gujarat and we should justify it by carrying out his principles fully", declared Mr. Morarji Desai, ex-Revenue Minister, addressing a rally of Congress volunteers this morning.

He added: "Violence for self-defence soon becomes violence for aggression. Those who have faith in non-violence should observe it in all circumstances as it would establish peace in the world".—A. P.

# STOP PRESS

CHAMBERLAIN ON "PLAYING NAZI GAME"

LONDON, June 30.

"All members of the War Cabinet are working together in complete harmony and agreement," declared Mr. Chamberlain broadcasting to-night. He said: "Anyone who lends himself to German propaganda by listening to idle tales about disunion among us or who imagines that any of us will consent to enter peace negotiations with the enemy is just playing the Nazi game. We are a solid and united nation which would rather go down to ruin than admit the domination of the Nazis, but we intend under the leadership of the Prime Minister to attack our enemies and meet their attacks upon us with the resolution and fighting spirit which become a great people. Though we are left alone to defend freedom and civilisation, brave men and women will only be braced by the knowledge that we must now rely upon ourselves under providence to win through, as we have won through before."—Reuter.

## *NEW DIVISIONS OF U. S. ARMY*

WASHINGTON, June 30.

The United States army is forming two "panzer" divisions armed with 1,400 tanks, according to an announcement by the War Department.

The new divisions will combine all the Army's present tank units into one powerful striking force.—Reuter.

# FRENCH VOLUNTEER LEGION IN LONDON

### Gen. de Gaulle To Begin Organization Next Week

A representative of General de Gaulle said, that they were organising a French Volunteer Legion in London. "We have already in this country many highly trained air officers, men and also machines". It is expected that recruiting for the Legion will begin next week after General de Gaulle has reached an agreement with the British authorities regarding the terms of service.—Reuter.

## *TURKEY AND IRAQ*

ANKARA, June 29.

"Perfect identity of views" have been established during the conversations here this week between visiting Cabinet Ministers from Iraq and members of the Turkish Government, according to an official communique.

General Nuri Said, Iraq Foreign Minister and Sayid Naji Showkat, Minister for Justice arrived here on Monday.—Reuter.

# JOINING UP WITH BR. FORCES

### Decision Of Polish Troops In Palestine

LONDON, June 29.

The Ministry of Information, on behalf of the Polish Government, state that a Polish brigade from Syria has joined up with British forces in Palestine. According to the latest reports 6,000 Polish troops with full war equipment have crossed the frontier.

It is stated when it became apparent that General Mittelhauser might throw in his lot with the Bordeaux Government, General Sikorski Commander-in-Chief of the Polish armed forces ordered the Polish Brigade in Syria and to join the British army in Palestine. The fact that orders were given in time and that they were carried out in perfect order has made it possible to avoid disarmament of this Polish Brigade.

WHY HE CHANGED HIS MIND?

The change of mind of General Mittelhauser, Commander-in-Chief of the French Forces in Syria, who previously had refused the Bordeaux Government's request to lay down arms but who has now agreed to the cessation of hostilities, followed a visit to him by General Weygand who flew to Syria three days ago.—Reuter.

### For Development Of Iranian Mines

TEHERAN, June 29.

The Budget Committee of the Majlees approved of the Ministry of Industry and Mines requisition for 275 million rials for development of mines and construction of iron and copper smelteries.—Reuter.


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# Waziristan Question To Come Up Before Congress Executive

## Frontier Congress Move Following Refusal By Govt. Of Permission For Deputation To Visit Tribal Areas

ABBOTTABAD, June 30.

The Working Committee of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee met for six hours last night and again this morning in the village of Kakul near Abbottabad to discuss the situation in the country vis-a-vis the international situation as also the position resulting from the Central Government's refusal of permission to a Congress deputation to visit Waziristan.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and Dr. Khan Sahib took prominent part in the discussion.

The Committee has entrusted Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan with the task of presenting the Waziristan matter before the Congress Working Committee. He has also been appointed to represent the Frontier Province on the All-India Congress Sub-Committee for volunteer organisations.

Among other matters the Committee considered Dr. Khan Sahib's report on the working of Congress Parties in the Local Bodies and, on his recommendation, decided to ask the Chairman of the Mardan District Board to resign office.

Mian Jaffar Shah, M.L.A., President of the Committee, presided.—United Press.

### DISCIPLINARY ACTION

ABBOTTABAD, June 30.

It is understood that the election dispute of the two parallel District Congress Committees of Peshawar will be referred to the Provincial Election Tribunal.

Dr. Khan Sahib's report on the working of the Congress Party in Mardan District Board, was considered and in the light of his recommendation the Chairman of the Board was asked to tender resignation within fifteen days, failing which disciplinary action would be taken against him. A Sub-Committee consisting of Dr. Khan Sahib, Pir Shahinshah and Mian Jaffar Shah was appointed to hold a thorough inquiry into the affairs of the Congress parties in local boards throughout the province.

Mr. Jan Mohammed is understood to have been fully authorised to settle the internal dispute in Bannu District Congress Committee.

All members left Kakul at midday for Abbottabad where the F.P.C.C. met in the afternoon.

Earlier Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan met villagers and inspected a guard of honour furnished by the Red Shirts of Kakul.—A.P.

# Bombs Thrown On Frontier Police Post

BANNU, June 30.

Bombs were thrown on a police post on Kohat Road last night about six furlongs from Bannu City. One of them exploded on the 'charpai' of a police constable, the other two did not burst.

Police opened fire upon the miscreants and shot varey-lights to detect their movements, but the latter took advantage of the darkness and escaped towards the Kurram river-bed.

On a search being made another live bomb was recovered from the spot from where the bombs were thrown towards the police post. No loss of life or property was caused.—A. P.

### Waylaid And Kidnapped

BANNU, June 30.

Nanakchand, a shop-keeper, was waylaid yesterday morning by a gang of tribal raiders near the junction of Kacha roads from Gambila to Bannu and was kidnapped.—A. P.

## The Half-Column "By Dim"

Strange meeting—Mahadev Desai meets Sir Sikander Hyat Khan. What could there be in common?

All attention is centred round the American Presidential election in November. If Roosevelt is elected for a third time, the Americans may yet throw in their lot with the Allies.

Among recent literary effusions is a book of poems—a translation from Malayalam into English. The original is by Nalapat Narayana Menon. The translation by N. Balamani Amma. This is the sort of stuff one reads:

"My brow bumped against another wall and again I fell
prostrate on the ground.
Once more stopped are the
wanderings; I found rest on
my mother's knees.
That Embodiment of affection,
who measures out her bosom
to grass, bestowed a caress on
me also."

Somewhat blank verse—very blank in fact!

The American budget shows a deficit of 3,700 million dollars. If my bank account was overdrawn to that extent, I'd begin to get slightly worried.

Gandhiji is noted for his cryptic remarks. His latest is: "The situation is the same to-day as yesterday." From which one understands no more to-day than what one did yesterday.

### PRESIDENT AND GEN. SECRETARY OF F.P.C.C. RESIGN

#### New Ones Appointed: Activities Unaffected

ABBOTTABAD, June 30.

Mian Jaffar Shah, M.L.A., President and Arab Abdul Ghafoor Khan, M.L.A., General Secretary, of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, have resigned their posts. Khan Ali Gul Khan and Mr. Abdul Qayum Swati have been elected the new President and Secretary, respectively. These developments took place at this evening's meeting of the Committee.

Dr. Khan Sahib told the Associated Press that the change of the President and Secretary will no way affect the activities of the Frontier Congress, and those who have resigned will co-operate in the work with the same zeal and enthusiasm as in the past.

The new office-bearers took charge midway through the deliberations. A Sub-Committee under Dr. Khan Sahib has been formed to supervise and intensify the work of organisation of volunteer corps in the Province. This Sub-Committee will start work immediately and tour in the whole province.

The F. P. C. C. endorsed the decisions of the Working Committee and resolved to request people irrespective of their religion, caste and political creed to realise the present critical situation and organise themselves.—A.P.

### TAMIL CONGRESS EXECUTIVE'S DECISION

MADRAS, June 30.

The Tamil Nadu Congress Working Committee discussed to-day for over three hours the present political situation, when the desirability of getting National Governments formed immediately was considered, as also the measures which should be taken if such a step was rendered impossible.

It was generally felt that a general declaration about India's political status might prove to be of no great value in the present conditions. The conclusions of the Committee will be forwarded to the Congress Executive.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Dr. P. Subbaroyan were present by invitation.—A.P.

### CIVIC GUARDS AND POLICE FOR SIND

KARACHI, June 29.

Two hundred and fifty civic guards are being raised in the District of Larkhana by the District Magistrate.

At Hyderabad the District Magistrate announced that it had been decided to raise civil reserved police force and those between the age of 18 and 40 years should enrol themselves. They would receive training for two months.

It is understood that the Sind Government scheme for civic guards, which is estimated to cost about Rs. 100,000 will be placed before the session of Sind Assembly for sanction.—A. P.

### BRITAIN'S EPIC STRUGGLE

CUDDAPAH, June 30.

"India with her long coastline is peculiarly vulnerable to attack and the security she enjoys at present is entirely due to the protective arm of the British Navy, observed Mr. T. Sivasanker, Collector of Cuddapah, presiding over a public meeting held here for the purpose of constituting a District War Committee.

Concluding he said: "Let us rally round Great Britain and place at her disposal all our resources to enable her to emerge victorious in her epic struggle in the cause of freedom and civilisation."—A. P.

### BANNU SHOP-KEEPER KIDNAPPED

PESHAWAR, June 29.

Nanakchand, shop-keeper, in village Kakki, Bannu District, while coming out of his village to-day was kidnapped by three tribesmen. Pursuit party of villagers and policemen are after the tribesmen. The result is not yet known.—A. P.

### FOUR KHAKSARS ARRESTED

LAHORE, June 30.

Four Khaksars were arrested near Golden Mosque this evening while marching in military formation.

The Khaksars, who were in uniform and equipped with spades, refused to surrender their "Belchas" when ordered by the police officer but later they obeyed the order. They were arrested and taken to the Tibbi police station.—A.P.

### NO MORE SALARIES FOR SPEAKER & DY. SPEAKER

ABBOTTABAD, June 30.

The Speaker's and Deputy Speaker's Salaries Temporary Repeal Act has been enacted by H.E. the Governor with effect from July 1. The Act will remain in force till the expiry of the Proclamation under Sec. 93 of the Government of India Act.

ANKARA.—Summertime is being introduced in Turkey on Monday for the first time in her history. All clocks will be advanced an hour.—Reuter.

### COLOMBO RACES

#### "Star Gazer" Wins Mardennis Stakes

COLOMBO, June 29.

Fine weather favoured the opening day of July meeting which was watched by a fairly large gathering. Going was good. The principal race of the day, Mordennis Stakes, was won by Star Gazer Sell, ridden by Baker. Trainers Walles and Aldridge saddled double each. Jockeys Davison and Orme rode double each.

The following are to-day's race results:—

PERIM STAKES THIRD DIVISION.—6 Furlongs.
PANO (B. Amarasuriya) 8/11, Davison ..... 1
FALIHAL IRAQ (Agab Abdulla) 9/4, West ..... 2
PRIME MINISTER (Mowlud Haji Ali) 9/3, Burgess ..... 3
AL FAZAL (Mrs. Donovan Andree) 9/3, Orme ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 28-3/4 seconds.
Won by: 1 length and head.
Tote paid: Rs. 40-8 for win, Rs. 11, Rs. 8-8 and Rs. 21 for places.
Winner trained by Walles.

ORSOVA PLATE SECOND DIVN. 5 Furlongs 23 Yds.
SILVER VEST (Franklin H. Lushington) 9/7, Orme ..... 1
GRECIAN MIST (A. R. Aitken) 7/10, H. Black ..... 2
LIPPIA SECOND (A. E. De Silva) 8/2, M. Eude ..... 3
TATTENHAM (F. Penwick) 9/4, West ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 6 seconds.
Won by: 1-1/4 and 2 lengths.
Tote paid: Rs. 8 for win, Rs. 6-8, Rs. 7-8 and Rs. 9 for places.
Winner trained by Aldridge.

PERIM STAKES DIVN. II.—6 Furlongs.
NAFA BEG (W. Coomber) 7/13, Warren ..... 1
LAURENCE (B. Amarasuriya) 8/12, Davison ..... 2
HAKUM (Douglas) 8/13, Fox ..... 3
WINDSOR (Zaidan Bin Khala) 8/4, Orme ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 27 1/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 33-8 for win, Rs. 11-8, Rs. 8-8 and Rs. 12-8 for places.
Winner trained by Owner.

ORSOVA PLATE DIVN. I.—5 Furlongs 23 Yds.
AGATHEA (Franklin H. Lushington) 8/5, Orme ..... 1
CELESTRA (Mrs. E. G. P. Jayetileke) 8/13, Fox ..... 2
NEVERSMILE (Mrs. C. A. Laing) 8/10, Davison ..... 3
FLORES (Douglas) 7/13, Baker ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 5-1/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 15 for win, Rs. 6-8, Rs. 13 and Rs. 8-8 for places.

MORDENNIS STAKES.—5 Furlongs 23 Yds.
STAR GAZER (R. L. Pereira) 7/2, Baker ..... 1
PEPPER AND SALT (A. R. Aitken) 7/0, H. Black ..... 2
BEAU IDEAL (Channa) 7/2, Bourke ..... 3
STREAMTOWN (Douglas) 9/3, Davison ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 5-3/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 53 for win, Rs. 16, Rs. 8-8 for places.

HEXHAM PLATE.—6 Furlongs.
AMARILLA (B. Amarasuriya) 8/11, Davison ..... 1
CINDYS CHOICE (Mrs. G. N. G. Walles) 8/0, Baker ..... 2
PARTHENON (F. Amarasuriya) 8/3, Warren ..... 3
TINDALE (Mrs. L. C. De S. Pieris and Mrs. Maitland) 7/8, Rook ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 18-3/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 13-8 for win, Rs. 6, Rs. 6-8 and Rs. 11-8 for places.

BUSHIRE PLATE.—Distance 1-1/8 Miles.
GAY LIFE (Mrs. A. Selvaratnam) 7/4, Bourke ..... 1
SAADWASMI (B. Amarasuriya) 7/5, Baker ..... 2
SAIF AL IRAQ (Sena) 8/8, Burgess 3
LUCKY THOUGHT (A. Selvaratnam) 7/11, Rook ..... 4
Time: 2 minutes 27-2/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 61-8 for win, Rs. 10-8, Rs. 6 and Rs. 11 for places.
Winner trained by Selvaratnam.

PERIM STAKES DIVN. I.—6 Furlongs
ZAYAD PASHA (Mrs. E. Dara Cowasjee) 7/11, H. Black ..... 1
REGENT (Yusuf Hamad) 8/0, Orme ..... 2
ABBARALHADBAA (Aru) 8/2, Eude ..... 3
FLYING FOX (R. L. Pereira) 7/9, West ..... 4
Time: 1 minute 26 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 66 for win, Rs. 15, Rs. 7-8 and Rs. 6-8 for places.
Winner trained by Cowasjee.

### BANGALORE RACES

#### Handicaps For Fifth Day

BANGALORE, June 30.

The following are the handicaps for Bangalore Races, fifth day, to be run on Wednesday (3rd July):—

CANTONMENT PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.
Tipperary 9/4, Jason 9/2, Castlebarn 9/0, Honey Bird 8/6, Droichead Nua 8/5, Greenjade 8/4, Little Son 8/4, Remember 8/3, Mad Hatter 8/0, Marina 7/12, Mahratta 7/11, Lens 7/9, Lovelock 7/5, Cardsharper 7/4.

BOBBILI CUP.—Distance 1 Mile.
Koanga 9/4, Dark Wings 9/0, Prince Felix 8/12, Aquafortis 8/12, Rahana 8/12, Expunge 8/10, Tiddley Bits 8/7, Red Robe 8/7, Winged Tiger 8/4, Mellowpore 8/4, Happy Daughter 8/3, Pyrogene 8/2, Spotlight 8/2, King's Wine 8/0, Sulla 7/12, Ajax 7/10, Bradways 7/7, Thornbury 7/4, Apparel 7/0.

CUBBON PLATE.—(DIVN. I).—Distance 6 Furlongs.
Honor M. 9/4, Goldgainer 9/2, Scion 9/1, Lord Clarion 9/1, Gipsy Girl 8/13, Future Record 8/12, Romney's Girl 8/11, Natbay 8/11, Night Reveller 8/10, Black Magic 8/10, Merry Conceit 8/10, War Dust 8/4, Irish Broadcast 7/11, Sulla 7/10.

CUBBON PLATE (DIVN. II).—Distance 6 Furlongs.
Andrew Kircaldy 9/4, Little Maiden 9/4, Anita 8/13, Whyna 8/13, Ronaldo 8/13, Appetizer 8/6, Vulgar Fraction 8/4, Purple Heron 8/4, Three Threes 8/3, School Quad 7/13, Wet Night 7/12, Convent Bell 7/10, Si La 7/0.

GRIFFIN PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.
Bright Lad 9/4, Candlestick 9/0, Amulet 8/12, Osman Pasha 8/6, Mellowpore 8/2, Polangrier 8/0, Indian Rose 7/12, Desertdawn 7/11, Lovely Joan 7/9, Karls Cross 7/5, Mixed Weather 7/5, Apparel 7/0, Palock 7/0, Cannari 7/0.

STUD PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.
Blue Mantle 9/7, Cherie 9/7, Princes Mumtaz 9/4, Hectic 9/1, Roster 8/12, Tyrian Queen 8/12, Twine 8/7, Pratap 8/7, Hot Shisper 8/2, Tyrant 8/0, Dimples 8/0, Solar Myth 8/0, Satara 8/0, Discard 7/7, Come Tru 7/3, Dry Sherry 7/3, Mountain Daisy 7/3, His Choice 7/3, Rafle 7/3, Captain Blood 7/3, Queen of Sheba 7/3.

KOOFA PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.
Kanzallah 9/4, White Flower 9/1, Lucky Lad 8/13, Majid Pasha 8/11, Spitfire 8/9, Prince Ghanim 8/2, Full Moon 8/2, Fair Play 8/2, Saad Nazam 7/11, Mudrik 7/10, Bani Tamin 7/10, Haria 7/9, Moonstone 7/9, Golden Dawn 7/8, Salim Al Iraq 7/8, Musaid Al Khair 7/7 Majbil Hamid 7/8.

STEWARDS CUP.—Distance 1 Mile 3 Furlongs.
Hafiz 9/7, Romantic Prince 8/5, Dagstan 8/4, Nassar 8/4, Winning Spark 8/4, Jitterbugs 8/4, Moonshine 8/3, Zahir 8/3, Tair Al Zaman 7/12, Abdal al-Mosul 7/11, Aaron 7/7, Anzan Beg 7/6, Forsaken 7/0, Khundil 7/0.—A. P.

### SINK DIFFERENCES AND PRESS DEMAND FOR FREEDOM

#### Asaf Ali's Call For Unity: Wardha Decision Explained

NEW DELHI, June 30.

An appeal to the people to sink their differences and press for the recognition of their demand for India's freedom was made by Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A. (Central,) Member of the Congress Working Committee, on the occasion of the Congress flag salutation this morning. He said he was firmly convinced that their demand for freedom would be irresistible the moment they voiced it unitedly.

Mr. Asaf Ali pointed to the example of England where in the face of danger of foreign aggression, all parties had combined to form a National Government and emphasised how great was the necessity of all parties in India to stand united in demanding freedom.

He explained the implications of the Congress Working Committee's recent Wardha resolution and made it clear that there was no basis for the assumption that it indicated a breach between Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress. He expressed the opinion that, as in the past, Gandhiji's advice and guidance would be available to the Congress.

Mr. Asaf Ali criticised the India and Burma Emergency Bill and declared that India would not be satisfied unless the representatives of the people assumed charge of the administration, both at the Centre and in the Provinces.—A. P.

### TEACHERS AND A.R.P.

QUETTA, June 30.

The members of the A.R.P. Committee of Quetta met teachers of various schools at a meeting in order to obtain the co-operation of school teachers and discuss the details of the local A.R.P. work in Quetta. Mr. Lietch Wilson, Superintendent of Education, was also present.

It was explained to the teachers that they could play an important part in the local A.R.P. work. First, their work in training school children as to how they should behave in case of an air raid alarm and particularly the organisation of fire drills would be very useful. Secondly the teachers could provide good means of bringing A. R. P. propaganda to the homes of the people through children and lastly as citizens the teachers as wardens could be helpful in case of an air raid.—A. P.

# War Effort More Important Than Anything Else

## BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S EXHORTATION AT POONA COMMITTEE'S MEETING

BOMBAY, June 30.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay met the Poona District War Committee in the Collector's Office at Poona on Saturday morning.

Addressing the Committee His Excellency expressed warm appreciation of the ready response which had been made to the Collector's invitations. The need for putting every ounce of energy into the war effort was now more important than anything else. The importance of the political, social and economic problems facing the country had not diminished, but the over-riding need now was to defeat the menace which Hitlerism presented. That menace had made great strides.

Outlining the work which the four committees in Bombay had embarked upon, His Excellency assured the Committee that those Committees and the Provincial Government were ready to give what assistance and guidance the District Committee desired. He had no doubt that the Poona District War Committee would embark upon its task with the inspiration which their great cause would give.

In the discussion which followed suggestions were invited and made and various members of the Committee expressed their determination to do all that lay in their power to promote the war effort in the district.

Those present included Dr. G. S. Mahajani, Prof. V. K. Joag, Sardar K. R. Vinchurkar, Rao Bahadur V. L. Thube, M.L.A., Sardar S. C. Mudliar, Mr. H. R. Kenjale, Mr. K. S. Jatar, Mr. T. R. Lalwani, Mr. G. K. Naik, Dewan Bahadur V. G. Shete, Dr. D. K. Gorey, Mr. R. R. Bhole, M.L.A., Mr. V. A. Gadkari, M.L.A., Mr. K. G. Limaye, Sir Raffiuddin Ahmed, Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed, M.L.A., Mr. M. H. Moledina, Mr. D. F. Chinoy, Mr. H. I. Shaikh, Khan Bahadur Mahomed Sallauddin, Khan Bahadur M. N. Mehta, Lt.-Col. M. S. Irani, I.M.S. (Retd), Sardar K. B. Padamji, Mr. F. D. Padamji, Mr. D. Hall, Mr. J. C. Hunter, Capt. E. Russel-Wells and Mr. W. H Ashley.

GOVERNOR FOR BELGAUM

The Governor of Bombay will visit Belgaum on Saturday, July 6. He will attend a meeting of the District War Committee and grant interviews to a number of officials and non-officials.—A P.

### Hazara Dist. War Committee

NATHIAGALI, June 30.

The first meeting of the District War Committee was held at the Town Hall, Abbottabad, to-day. The meeting was addressed by H. E. Sir George Cunningham, who said that it was most important that the spirit behind the action should be one of service to the community and members should not further their own ambitions. His Excellency hoped that the organisation would soon be complete and would have representatives of every village.

Rai Bahadur Ishardas, Khan Ghulam Rabbani of Mansehra and Khan Sahib Sultan Ali Hussain Khan assured His Excellency of the enthusiastic co-operation of Hazara.—A. P.


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YEP, AND I GOT TWO TICKETS!
HEY, MUTT, LOOK! THAT GUY WANTS TO HIT YOUR WIFE WITH A STICK!
YOU BOOB, HE DON'T WANT TO HIT HER!
AH-HH AH
THEN WHAT'S SHE SCREAMING FOR?
AH
?
?
?

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Full particulars from Station Masters, Kalyan, Howrah or the Information Bureau, V.T

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# On The Air

## MONDAY, JULY 1.

### Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Gopal Singh. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 Chanchal Kumari. 8-25 Shivkumar Shukla. 8-40 News in Hindustani 8-50 News in English. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 Dashrathbuwa Muley. 9-30 Close down.
12-30 p.m. Prabhu Ka Dhyan. 12-45 Film music. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ek Par Biji. 1-10 Geet, Garba and Pad. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-55 Do you know madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. 4-15 p.m. Musical prelude. 4-20 English literature. 4-35 Some Indian Ragas. 4-45 An aside. 5 Shivkumar Shukla. 5-20 The Air Quartet. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Ram Karandikar. 5-40 Leela Chitnis. 5-50 Gopal Singh. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 Chanchal Kumari. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani. 7 A trade review. 7-15 The Rainbow Garba party. 7-30 Shivkumar Shukla. 7-45 The Air Trio. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 News play for June. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Ghalib's Ghazal. 10 Songs from Matwali Mira. 10-10 Dashrathbuwa Muley.

### Bombay II—Programme

42.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Three Bhavgeets. 7-40 Song from Swayamvar. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Readings from Gujarati books. 8-50 Picked from the pictures. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 Close down.
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)
12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Bhajan on the flute. 1-0 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Siddiqui. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Nagesh. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Dashrathbuwa Muleys 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Chanchal Kumari. 9-15 Gopal Singh. 9-30 Ours is a nice hour ours is. 10 Ruth Saloman and her Trio.

### Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
6 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-5 Khadim Husain. 5-30 Dhani Ram. 5-40 A sarod recital. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Zohra Jan. 6-35 Usman Khan. 6-55 A popular air on the sitar. 7 Piala. 7-15 Afzal Husain. 7-30 Thumri Aur Ghazalen. 8 Duets. 8-15 For villagers only. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Sidelights on the war. 10-5 A sarod recital. 10-30 Persian music. 10-45 News in Persian. 11 Persian music. 11-5 Close down.

### Delhi II—Programme

50.43 metres (4,960 kc/s)
5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 A sarod recital. 8-30 Khadim Husain. 8-45 Dhani Ram. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Zohra Jan. 9-50 A Pakhawaj recital. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Usman Khan. 10-25 Khayal to geet. 11 News in English.

### Delhi III—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)
5-50 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-25 to 8-42 As in Delhi 2. 9 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 A sitar recital. 10-45 Dhani Ram. 11 News in English.

### Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)
5 p.m. For the countryside. 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Ashutosh Das. 6 News in English. 6-5 Sushanta Mukerjee. 6-20 Kalobaran Mukerjee. 6-40 Robin Das. 6-55 Dhruba Chakravarti. 7-20 Rabdarani. 7-40 Nilima Banerjee. 8 Kande Ke? Or who cries. 8-20 Radharani. 8-30 Empire at war. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 Edna Agacy. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-55 New Variety.

### Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)
5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Commercial news in English. 9-35 Commercial news in Bengali. 9-40 Rathindra Nath Rudra. 9-55 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

### RAILWAY TIME TABLE

#### G. I. P. Railway

| | Arr. H.M. | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki) | 9-35 | 20-15 |
| Madras Mail | 6-00 | 22-00 |
| Peshawar-Lucknow (Express) | 6-15 | 22-45 |
| Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) | 9-05 | 18-05 |
| Madras Express | 10-15 | 14-30 |
| Poona Mail | 10-30 | 17-30 |
| Punjab Mail | 12-30 | 17-40 |
| Nagpur Express | 15-00 | 21-00 |
| Poona Fast Passenger | 16-50 | 11-50 |
| Poona Express | 19-32 | 8-05 |

#### B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

| | Arr. H.M. | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 5-35 | 13-50 |
| Delhi Express | 6-00 | 22-15 |
| Kathiawar Mail | 6-45 | 21-30 |
| Gujarat Mail | 7-25 | 22-00 |
| Frontier Mail | 8-15 | 21-15 |
| | *(Mon.) | (Sat.) |
| The Flying Ranee Surat | 9-48 | 15-10 |
| The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday) | 10-58 | |
| The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday) | | 18-06 |
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 14-15 | 22-30 |
| Kathiawar Express | 18-45 | 8-45 |
| Baroda Passenger | 20-37 | 9-0 |

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

### GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: June 29.

| | Rs.as.ps. |
|---|---|
| Castorseeds September— | |
| Opening | 37 0 0 |
| Highest | 37 0 0 |
| Lowest | 37 0 0 |
| Closing | 37 2 0 |
| Groundnuts August— | |
| Opening | 29 12 0 |
| Highest | 30 3 0 |
| Lowest | 29 12 0 |
| Closing | 30 1 6 |
| Cottonseeds September— | |
| Opening | 25 11 0 |
| Highest | 25 12 6 |
| Lowest | 25 11 0 |
| Closing | 25 12 6 |

# Scattered Liquidation In N. Y. Cotton Market

## LOCAL SUPPORT AND COVERING

## July Tenders Of 2,100 Bales

Bombay, June 29.

On Friday the New York cotton market was very steady during the early part of the session on commission house buying influenced by better tone in Wall Street market, but later prices declined on general liquidation.

The Chicago market eased off on favourable crop news and hedge selling. While Willkie nomination pleased Wall Street market and the decision was considered constructive.

### NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady and prices advanced in sympathy with improvement in Wall Street market. Tenders against July of 2,100 bales were issued. There was scattered long liquidation. Spot house selling and Wall Street as well as Southern selling in near months. Later on there was short covering and local support on revival of cotton goods demand.

At the opening July was quoted 5 pts. up at 10.35 which was the highest level and later prices declined to 10.23 which was the lowest level. In the afternoon prices rallied to 10.27 and the market closed at a net decline of 3 to 6 pts. Spot cotton prices declined 8 pts. at 10.85c per lb.

### NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans market was easy with July liquidation and closed at a decline of 18 to 6 pts. Spot cotton prices were reduced 10 pts. at 10.50c per lb.

### LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened 3 pts. up at 7.31 for July. The market was quietly steady. There was liquidation of July on fears of tenders and the market closed 9 pts. down to one point up. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 3 pts at 7.60d. per lb.

Egyptian cotton market was irregular. Uppers futures closed 9 to 2 pts. up but Giza contracts declined 10 to 6 pts.

PRIVATE CABLES—
New York July highest 10.35+05 (10 a.m.) lowest 10.23—07 (11.35 p.m.)
Liverpool July highest 7.32+04; lowest 7.19—09.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—
Liverpool.—July declined owing expectation tenders.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 10.20 |
| Middling spot | 10.73 |
| | nominal |

### NEW CONTRACT

New York, June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 10 42 |
| October | 9.19 |
| December | 9 04 |

### NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 10.12 |
| Middling spot | 10.60 |
| | nominal |

### NEW CONTRACT

New York, June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 10 16 |
| October | 9.22 |
| December | 9.06 |

### NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, June 29. Bags

| | |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 7,000 |
| Day's Exports to Great Britain | nil |
| Day's Exports to the Continent | nil |
| Day's Exports to China and Japan | nil |

### LONDON SEEDS

London, June 29.
Rozario Santa Fe unquoted.
Barletta Russo 28/3 June quoted.
South Australian, parcels shipments F. O. B. 26/9 June quoted.

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. London on:— | |
| New York | 4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2 |
| Paris | 176-1/2 to 176-3/4 |
| Berlin | unquoted |
| Madrid | 37.07 |
| | seller unofficial |
| Montreal | 4.43 to 4.47 |
| Amsterdam | unquoted |
| Brussels | unquoted |
| Milan | unquoted |
| Berne | 17.75 to 17.85 |
| Copenhagen | unquoted |
| Stockholm | 16.85 to 16.95 |
| Oslo | unquoted |

### BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Yellow Metal Sheet | Rs. 86 |
| Copper Sheets | Rs. 64 |

Tone:—Weak.

### SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay: June 29.

92 cases ctn pce goods; 210 c/s machinery; 115 casks laundry blue; 27 c/s bobbins; 66 c/s soap; 103 bdls W I tubes; 51 pcs W I tubes; 50 bdls stl tubes; 5351 bdls coir yarn; 3494 pkgs chemicals; 140 kegs Formusal; 92 c/s milk powder; 512 bags betelnuts; 474 pkgs paint; 102 bdls coir mats; 404 bdls cycle rims 666 bdls coir rope; 45 c/s empty cartons; 2200 pkgs China clay; 29 bags old brass scrap; 1132 D/bags stl rail keys; 36 c/s stl screws; 33 c/s medicines; 30 c/s cigarettes; 8321 bags copra; 50 drums liquid pitch; 30 c/s lemon juice; 30 c/s lemon squash; 33 c/s m/car accumulators; 100 c/s Vimto cordial; 100 loose C I cisterns; 42 c/s files; 58 loose tubes; 48 bags ginger; 308 ctns accumulators; 250 bgs Gypsum; 544 bags cocoanuts; 125 c/s stout; 72 pkgs vegetables; 19 tons iron scrap; 150 drums Pyrollignite of iron.

EXPORTS

Bombay: June 29.

26 bales ctn pce goods Maganlal Bros; 210 tons old iron scrap C Manilal Ltd; 50 bls ctn grey yarn The Svadeshi Mills Co Ltd; 25 bls ctn waste P Dass and Sons; 300 tons old iron scrap Ali Bros; 450 tons old iron scrap The Nissho Co Ltd; 200 bls duck cotton grey M Mackenzie and Co; 514 bags soapstone Shaw Wallace and Co; 58 bls ctn pce-goods W H Brady and Co Ltd; 1572 bags myraboilsms P Mathradas and Co Ltd. 13 bls cotton grey yarn K Virji and Co; 189 bales cotton yarn K Gordhandas and Co; 161 bls cotton pce-goods P K Ashar and Co; 16 cases brassware The India Merchandise Co Ltd; 38 bls cotton grey yarn The B'bay Dyeing and Mfg. Co. Ltd; 110 tons old iron scrap M G Abdulhusein and Co.

### BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: June 29.

| Yarn No. | June | August | October |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 1/2s. | 118 | 120 | 122 |
| 10 1/2s. | 136 | 139 | 142 |
| 20 1/2s | 156 | 158 | 161 |
| 40s. | 237 | 240 | 242 |

### AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

| F. P. Bales. | 1939-40. | 1938-39 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 28-6-40 | 7567000 | 3871000 |
| Receipts yesterday 28-6-40 | 19000 | 11000 |
| Export to date 28-6-40 | 6256000 | 3433000 |
| Stock at Ports 21-6-40 | 2513000 | 1949000 |
| Stock at interior towns do | 2148000 | 1539000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 21-6-40 | ..... | 7000000 |
| Visible Supply 21-6-40 | ..... | 5050000 |
| Quantity in sight do. | 13415000 | 9199000 |
| Quantity out of sight 21-6-40 | ..... | 9784000 |

### READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: June 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Fine | 118/20 |
| C. P. 1 | 145/48 |
| C. P. 2 | 139/41 |
| Berar | 138/40 |
| Khandesh | 133/35 |
| Jalna/Sailu | 134/36 |
| Ahmednagar | 131/34 |
| Broach | 149/53 |

### INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: June 29.
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

| In full-pressed bales. | Yesterday. | This year. | Since 1st Septr. Last year |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | | 55,579 | 38,678 |
| Central India | | 109,361 | 224,058 |
| Barsi and Nagar | | 114,118 | 91,607 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | | 47,970 | 4,474 |
| Berar | | 318,292 | 162,203 |
| Central Provinces | | 76,962 | 38,095 |
| Total Oomras | | 722,282 | 559,116 |
| Dholera | | 89,297 | 275,100 |
| N.-W. Provinces | | 26,048 | 8,065 |
| Rajputana | | 35,228 | 74,161 |
| Sind-Punjab | 144 | 358,432 | 326,365 |
| Broach | | 407,930 | 414,335 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | | 48,244 | 134,251 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 182 | 34,585 | 88,590 |
| Cocoanada | | 86 | 98 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | | 1,390 | 2,631 |
| Persian | | | |
| Egyptian, African and Sudan | | | |
| American | | | |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | | | |
| Total | 326 | 1,723,622 | 1,882,912 |
| Arrived by road to 27th June 1940 | | 339,387 | ..... |

### MONEY MARKET

Bombay: June 29.

B. C. RATES —
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 29th December
LONDON:—
Banks selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 29th December
Banks buying T T 1/5 1/32 to 29th Dec.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 3/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 1/4 Two months.
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 333
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328 1/2
PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T not quoted
Bank's buying T T not quoted
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T 86 nominal
Banks buying T T 79 5/8
Banks buying 60 days 78 7/8 nominal
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 86
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 84 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 24
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATES—
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 29th inst.
Shanghai/London 9/4 1/8 25th inst.
New York/London 3.87 28th inst.
London/Java 7.58/62 28th inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 28th inst.
London/Paris 176 1/2 3/4 28th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.75.85 28th inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 28th inst.
London/Japan 1/3 5/16 28th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8/8/0 27th inst.
Gold £8/8/0 28th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 11/16 27th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 5/8 28th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 1/2 27th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 3/8 28th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 27th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 28th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 27th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 28th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 27th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 28th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

### SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: June 29.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Shipment September F.B.H. ..... Rs. 8/8
Indian Sugars Ready:—
Ready ordinary ..... Rs. 17/2 to 17/8
Ready large grain ..... Rs. 17/8 to 18/3
Tone:—Quiet.

### LONDON MONEY MARKET

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 29.

On the Money Market, the note circulation at 602.2 millions registered fifth succesive high record.

Subscriptions to the new War Bonds together with demand for funds to meet half yearly settlement was responsible for a temporary tightening up of money, but conditions were easier at the close.

The 65 millions sterling treasury bills offered attracted large applications, but the average rate was one pound and 5.22 pence at which bills were allotted under last week.

Wall Street closed irregular.

# INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: June 29.

Steel shares scored further gains on the Exchange in to-day's session. Tata Deferreds opened at 1630 and continuously advanced to 1675, closing later at 1670. The Ordinaries which stood at 318 at the opening, rallied up to 326, finishing eventually at 325/8. Textiles, however, ruled steady with Bombay Dyeings quoting around 895.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—
Tata Deferreds (1640) 1630 1675 1670
Tata Ordinaries (319/8) 318 326 325/8
Tata Ordinary 325/8; Tata Deferred 1670, Indian Iron 24; Bombay Dyeing 900; Century 245; Central India 242/8; Kohinoor 330; Associated Cement 111; Bombay Burma 530; Scindia Steam 18/2; Tata Hydro 152/8; Reserve Bank 98; Imperial Bank F P 1412/8; Central Bank 31/8; Bank of India 132; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 86/2.

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: June 29

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. London Paris Exchange rate was 176 1/2 to 176 3/4 and dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.90 at N. York London spot silver price was 1/16d down at 21 5/8d and forward quotation was lowered 1/8d at 21 3/8d. There was bear covering and speculative selling. New York silver was unchanged and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 57/6/9 and forward parity was Rs. 56/13/9. The local market was quietly steady. Silver prices ruled steady on scattered buying while gold after declining to Rs. 40/6 improved to Rs. 40/12. The market was uncertain.

Following were the quotations:—
Ready: Gold Rs. 40/14; Silver Rs. 61/10/6
Asked: Gold Rs. 40/12; Silver Rs. 61/8 /0

### LONDON GOLD

London, June 29.

Gold closed.

### LONDON SILVER

London, June 29.

Silver closed.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Following a decline of 8 pts in New York cotton futures the local market opened today at Rs. 156 for Broach J/A delivery and new Broach was quoted at Rs. 182. There was distress selling and prices declined to Rs. 151/8 for Broach J/A while new Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 179/8

These prices were considered very cheap involving little or no risk and there was moderate buying which improved prices to Rs. 183 for New Broach and old Broach was quoted at Rs. 155. It will be seen that there had been drastic liquidation and the market position although remains uncertain, we believe present prices are safe for investment purpose and those who venture to buy cotton at present prices will be amply rewarded in the long run. Cotton has some value and we are to have no record below the level of Rs. 140 during the past 20 years. Thus there is no risk.

Later on there was increased selling on reports of troubles in Balkans and Roumania and prices declined to Rs. 181/8 for new Broach and Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 154/8. The market closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| F G M G Broach July/August | Rs. 154/4 |
| F G M G Broach April/May | Rs. 161/8 |
| Fine M G Oomra July | Rs 138/8 |
| Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jan | Rs. 166/8 |
| F G M G Bengal July | Rs. 113/12 |
| F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan | Rs. 126/12 |

### COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 361 penny points at Exch. 1/6
Broach A/M below Liverpool May 247 penny points at Exch. 1/6
Broach J/A below New York July 426 cent points at Exch 331
Broach A/M below New York May 163 cent points at Exch. 331

### HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: June 28.

| | | Highest | Lowest | Closing at 5 p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Broach | J/A | 165 | 158 1/2 | 158 1/2 |
| Broach | A/M | 189 | 184 1/2 | 184 1/2 |
| Oomra | July | 148 1/2 | 143 1/2 | 144 |
| Oomra | D/J | 164 1/2 | 159 1/2 | 160 1/2 |
| Bengal | July | 121 1/2 | 117 | 117 |
| Bengal | D/J | 132 1/2 | 127 | 128 |

### EGYPTIAN COTTON

Bombay: June 28.

| | UPPERS. | GIZA |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 11.60+5 | 11.44+3 |
| July | 10.94+9 | 10.75—10 |
| October | 10.58+4 | 10.58—6 |
| December | 10.48+4 | 10.48—6 |
| January | 10.28+2 | 10.36—6 |
| March | 10.10+2 | 10.34—6 |
| May | 10.03+2 | 10.34—6 |

### WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: June 28.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

| | Dollars |
|---|---|
| Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd | 16 |
| Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs | 49 |
| Amr Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd | 43 3/4 |
| Elec Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd | 31 |
| Electric Bond and Share Com | 7 |
| Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd | 69 |
| Columbia Gas and Electric | 6 1/2 |
| Int Tel and Tel 1952 debs | 27 3/8 |
| Amr Tel and Tel | 159 5/8 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 190 |
| Western Union Telegraph | 17 7/8 |
| New York Central R R | 11 7/8 |
| Great Northern Pfd | 22 1/4 |
| Union Pacific | 80 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 37 |
| United States Steel | 52 5/8 |
| National Steel | 57 1/2 |
| Bethlehem Steel | 75 |
| Crucible Steel | 30 |
| Alleghany Ludlum Steel | 22 |
| Republic Steel | 17 |
| Int Nickel of Canada | 22 1/2 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 36 |
| Chrysler Motors | 62 |
| General Motors | 43 1/8 |
| Standard Brands | 6 |
| Socony | 5 3/8 |
| St Oil of N J | 33 |
| Texas Corporation | 38 1/4 |
| Consolidated Oil | 6 1/4 |

Turnover 1,170,000 shares.

Wall Street regards Willkie's nomination as Republican candidate very constructive. From 26th June 16 1/2 per cent tax will be deducted from dividends on shares and stocks held by non-residents (hitherto tax was 10 per cent.).

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: June 28.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent | £ 62 1/2 |
| INDIAN STOCKS— | |
| 3 per cent 1948 | £ 79 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later | £ 91 1/2 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | £107 |
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent | £ 70 5/8 |
| Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 | £ 96 3/8 |
| War loan 3 1/2 per cent | £ 96 1/8 |
| Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90 | £108 3/4 |
| Victory bonds | £107 5/8 |
| Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China | £ 6 1/2 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London register | £ 54 |
| National Bank of India | £ 33 1/2 |

### PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay: June 29.
(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

| | Rs.as.ps. |
|---|---|
| Pepper ready Alleppey per candy | 80 0 0 |
| Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy | 82 0 0 |
| Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy | 57 0 0 |
| Ginger ready unbleached per cwt | 12 0 0 |
| Ginger ready bleached per cwt | 15 0 0 |
| Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt | 13 4 0 |

# Weather Report

POONA, June 30.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

| STATIONS. | Temperatures Maximum | Minimum | Rainfall Past 24 hours | Total since June 1 | Departure from normal |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chittagong | 87 | 77 | 0.5 | 20.6 | —0.2 |
| Calcutta | 93 | 80 | 0.1 | 7.7 | —4.2 |
| Patna | 102 | 82 | 0.0 | 4.5 | — |
| Gorakhpur | 100 | 79 | 0.1 | 6.6 | —0.8 |
| Benares | 106 | 79 | 2.1 | 9.0 | —2.9 |
| Allahabad | 106 | 79 | 0.2 | 2.3 | — |
| Cawnpore | 103 | 79 | 0.3 | 0.8 | —2.5 |
| Lucknow | 101 | 77 | 1.6 | 1.9 | —3.0 |
| Jhansi | 101 | 78 | 0.2 | 2.1 | —1.4 |
| Agra | 99 | 79 | 0.0 | 1.5 | —1.0 |
| Dehra Dun | 89 | 69 | 0.0 | 1.3 | —1.0 |
| Delhi | 86 | 78 | 0.2 | 0.5 | —2.5 |
| Ambala | 91 | 77 | 0.0 | 4.0 | +0.5 |
| Ludhiana | 92 | 81 | 0.0 | 3.9 | +1.2 |
| Rawalpindi | 94 | 78 | 0.1 | 2.7 | +0.5 |
| Lyallpur | 88 | 69 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.. |
| Multan | 100 | 80 | 0.0 | 0.0 | —0.5 |
| Srinagar | 90 | 68 | 0.0 | 3.5 | +2.0 |
| Peshawar | 100 | 79 | 0.0 | 0.8 | +0.5 |
| Dehra Ismail Khan | 93 | 81 | 0.1 | 0.2 | —0.5 |
| Fort Sandeman | 98 | 76 | 0.0 | 1.7 | —1.0 |
| Quetta | 96 | 63 | 0.0 | 0.3 | — |
| Khandwa | 88 | 75 | 0.0 | 12.4 | +7.0 |
| Jubbulpore | 85 | 74 | 0.6 | 3.5 | —3.9 |
| Nagpur | 89 | 78 | 0.0 | 19.6 | +10.7 |
| BOMBAY | 88 | 79 | 0.1 | 30.0 | +11.7 |
| Ratnagiri | 86 | 78 | 0.3 | 26.8 | —2.0 |
| Ahmednagar | 86 | 71 | 0.0 | 10.7 | +5.9 |
| Poona | 83 | 72 | 0.1 | 4.6 | —0.2 |
| Sholapur | 94 | 73 | 0.0 | 2.9 | —1.8 |
| Hyderabad Dn. | 92 | 74 | 0.0 | 3.8 | —1.1 |
| Bangalore | 80 | 67 | 0.1 | 4.7 | +1.8 |
| Mysore | 76 | 69 | 0.1 | 4.9 | +2.0 |
| Calicut | 82 | 75 | 0.7 | 26.9 | —7.1 |
| Madras | 100 | 81 | 0.0 | 1.0 | —0.9 |
| Shillong | 80 | 66 | 0.1 | 12.3 | —4.1 |
| Simla | 70 | 61 | T | 6.2 | —0.9 |
| Pachmarhi | 75 | 65 | 0.3 | 10.8 | +1.1 |
| Kodaikanal | 66 | 55 | T | 5.7 | +1.6 |
| Colombo | 87 | 76 | 0.2 | 8.0 | +0.1 |
| Jacobabad | 112 | 85 | 0.0 | 0.1 | —0.1 |
| Hyderabad Sind | 100 | 84 | 0.0 | 0.7 | +0.2 |
| Karachi | 89 | 84 | 0.0 | 0.4 | —0.5 |
| Jaipur | 98 | 79 | 0.0 | 1.8 | —0.5 |
| Ajmer | 89 | 77 | 0.1 | 1.4 | —1.1 |
| Deesa | 91 | 80 | 0.0 | 4.2 | +2.1 |
| Rajkot | 92 | 81 | 0.0 | 4.7 | +0.4 |
| Ahmedabad | 91 | 81 | T | 3.6 | —0.7 |
| Bhopal | 86 | 75 | 0.4 | 7.8 | + |
| Akola | 91 | 75 | 0.0 | 6.6 | +1.2 |
| Amraoti | 89 | 76 | 0.0 | 10.4 | +3.8 |
| Indore | 84 | 73 | 0.1 | 9.0 | +3.3 |
| Marmagao | 85 | 79 | 0.1 | 26.9 | — |
| Malegaon | 89 | 72 | 0.0 | 5.1 | +0.8 |
| Mussoorie | 71 | 61 | 0.3 | 9.8 | +5.2 |
| Mahableshwar | 66 | 63 | 2.1 | 38.6 | —7.6 |
| Baroda | 89 | 78 | 0.1 | 5.4 | — |
| Bahwalpur | 107 | 89 | 0.0 | 0.3 | —0.3 |
| Belgaum | 89 | 79 | 0.6 | 10.3 | +2.2 |
| Murree | 70 | 60 | 1.7 | 7.1 | +3.2 |
| Bijapur | 90 | 70 | 0.0 | 3.1 | —0.2 |
| Dalhousie | 72 | 63 | 0.0 | 3.8 | —2.5 |
| Khandalla | — | — | 1.3 | 31.0 | — |
| Mount Abu | 78 | 66 | 0.4 | 3.2 | —2.0 |
| Ootacamund | 59 | 54 | 0.4 | 10.8 | +4.2 |
| Jodhpur | 90 | 83 | 0.0 | 0.3 | —1.1 |

T denotes a rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

## WIDESPREAD RAIN IN U. P.

POONA, June 30.

Rainfall has been widespread in the United Provinces, Central India, Konkan, Mysore, Malabar, and local in Assam, Bengal Central Provinces, east and north Punjab and North-west Frontier Province. A few falls are also reported in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, Rajputana, East Gujarat, Bombay Deccan, South-east Madras and north Madras Coast.

Temperatures have fallen generally in North-West India United Provinces, West Central India. Observations from north-east India are lacking.

Locally heavy rain is likely in Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and South Bihar during next 48 hours.—A. P.

### OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 29/6/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.9 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.85 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.83 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

### COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 29th June, 1940:—
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.072 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.2 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.2 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.4 deg. (0.8 below normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.8 deg. (2.3 below normal)
Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 14 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 236 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 52 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 9.
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.95 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 29.86 inches
Total rainfall during the year 31.25 inches
Weather remarks: Rain.

# HEAT-WAVE IN PESHAWAR

## Seven Persons Die Of Sun-Stroke

PESHAWAR, June 29.

Seven deaths have occurred here due to heatstroke. Peshawar is experiencing a spell of intensively hot weather.—A. P.

# INDIAN SUGAR SYNDICATE

## Hopes That Bihar And U.P. Govts. Would Reconsider Their Decision

CALCUTTA, June 29.

The decision to continue the Indian Sugar Syndicate and run it on a voluntary basis in the interests of the members, was reached at an emergency general meeting of the Syndicate held in Calcutta to-day with Mr. B. M. Birla in the chair.

The members, who had tendered their resignations, were requested to withdraw the same.

The meeting further decided that they would pursue their programme of direct sales with redoubled vigour in order to minimise the possibility of infringement of the Articles of Association.

It was resolved that there would be no reduction in basic rates. The meeting noted with regret the withdrawal of recognition by the Governments of Bihar and the United Provinces, but expressed the hope that the two Governments would reconsider their decision in the matter.

The meeting felt that the decisions taken would go a long way towards stabilising the industry at the present critical juncture.—A. P.

## NEW SUGAR CONTROL BOARD

LUCKNOW, June 30.

The Governor of U. P. has by a notification reconstituted the Sugar Control Board with effect from first July 1940 for a period of one year.

The

THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street, BOMBAY 1.



Regd. No. B 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 1, 1940



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# Only Weapon Against Foreign Domination

## Jawahar Believes In Efficacy Of Organised Non-Violence

### *ASSURES, FREE INDIA WILL HAVE NO IMPERIALIST AMBITIONS*

BOMBAY, Sunday.

**Unfurling the National Flag at the Congress House to-day, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru declared that while putting forward the demand for her complete independence, India had never entertained any desire that she should possess, at any time, an Empire of her own.**

**"While wanting to be a free nation ourselves" he said "we desire that something like a Federation of Free Nations should arise so that the unhappy spectacle of a strong nation dominating the weaker one will completely vanish."**

The only way by which India could realise her cherished desire of being a member of such a Federation of Free Nations was by organising herself and showing complete unity of purpose.

**"I concede the possibility" said Pandit Jawaharlal "of aeroplanes flying overheard and dropping bombs over our towns and cities. But if only we render our organised non-violence more effective than it has been in the past, no nation will be able to dominate us."**

ARMY FOR INDIA?

Referring to the desire expressed by certain sections of the public that India should raise an army of her own, Pandit Jawaharlal said that before giving expression to such a desire, it was necessary to look around and realise what was happening in the world.

"Let us realise" he added "that in these days of highly mechanised warfare, the gun and the sword have been reduced to the position of mere toys. If India desires to possess an army of her own, let her possess one which will be powerful enough to stand against the most efficient army of any other nation. If this is not possible, it is better that India has no army at all of her own."

FATE OF FRANCE

Panditji referred to the fate that had overtaken France in spite of all its glorious military traditions. A small military force was bound to tempt the invader and thus prove a mere delusion.

Referring to the present world situation Panditji said that while a conflagration was in progress over the battlefields of Europe and Asia, an unseen revolution was taking place in the world. One era was slowly giving place to another and old slogans were becoming out of date.

## ARREST OF POLITICAL WORKERS IN PUNJAB

### Provincial Congress To Observe Protest Day On July 7

LAHORE, June 29.

The situation arising out of the arrests of a number of political workers in the Punjab was discussed at a seven-hour meeting of the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee to-day. Mian Iftikharuddin presided.

The Committee passed a resolution condemning these arrests and requesting Congress Committees throughout the Province to hold public meetings on July 7 to protest agains the action of the Government.

A. I. C. C. RESOLUTION

The Committee endorsed the resolution passed by the Working Committee of the All-India Congress Committee on the political situation and also decided to organise Congress Volunteer Corps.

It is stated that disciplinary action was taken by the Committee against Dr. Raj Kishan, a member of the Congress Party in the Jullundur Municipal Committee, who was removed from the Party and directed to resign from the membership of the Municipal Committee.—A. P.

## *ADDITIONAL CODES IN TELEGRAMS*

### *Simla Communique On Extension Of Concessions*

SIMLA, June 29.

A press communique states: "It is notified for general information that in extension of the concession already granted of the use in foreign telegrams of the four commercial codes, Bentley Second Phrase, Bentley Complete A. B. C., Sixth Edition and Petersons International, Third Edition, it has now been decided to permit with effect from 8th July 1940, the use of the following five additional codes:— A. C. M. E. Commodity and Phrase, Lombard Shipping, Lombard General, new standard three-letter and new standard half-word, to countries other than enemy countries and countries in enemy occupation which admit such code telegrams.

Telegrams in any of these additional codes originating in India must, in the orders of the codes above mentioned have the abbreviation Acme, Lombard, Lomgen, Stanter, Stanhaf, as the case may be, inserted in the place for and after any route indication, no charge will be made for the word.

All code telegrams originating in India will be liable to censorship. They must be handed in to the Central Telegraph Office at the town of origin accompanied by a translation of the telegram in clear English for the benefit of the censors.

A surcharge of one rupee will be payable for each code telegram.—A. P.

## Disastrous Floods In Rajkot

RAJKOT, June 29.

Information received here states that the River Safra of Dhoraji is flooded heavily as a result of which about 250 cattle and 6 men have been drowned.

**Winners of the fourth Sardar Hari Singh All-India Debate held at Robertson College, Jubbulpore.**

**Seated: (left to right) J. H. Vakil (Law College, Bombay, Best Speaker, 1 Prize); S. K. Daru (Elphinstone College, Bombay, 2nd Prize).**

**Standing: P. R. Patel (Law College, Bombay, 1st Prize). Amar Singh (Dayal Singh College, Lahore, 3rd Prize).**

# MADRAS GOVT. EXPLAINS CAUSE FOR "ACTION"

## *INTERNMENT OF 12 PERSONS TO CHECK FIFTH COLUMN ACTIVITIES UNDER "RED" DIRECTION*

OOTACAMUND, June 29.

"The public have from time to time seen news items saying that such and such a person has been arrested and detained without trial under the Defence of India Rules and there have been comments by certain well-known persons suggesting that there has been an unjustifiable attack on members of their party for carrying on normal political activities", says a Press Note issued by the Government of Madras to-day.

The Press Note adds: "Government feel that the time has come to make known the reasons which, in this province, have led them to take this action to prevent a continuance of injurious activities". "There are at present 12 persons belonging to this province detained in a separate enclosure at Vellore jail.

DIRECTED BY "REDS"

They have been interned to prevent them continuing what are now known as "fifth column" activities. They are all persons who were actively engaged in a movement directed by the Communist party to obstruct the country's war efforts, to stir up violent social upheaval, reckless of consequences and to overthrow Government by violence.

A feature of the party's scheme is to work within and behind the shelter of a recognised political party and latterly to avoid, if possible, an overt act which would bring the members into conflict with the ordinary law."

A brief note on each case is also given in the press note.—A. P.

## *TWO DHENKANAL WORKERS DETAINED*

DHENKANAL, June 29.

Mr. Nabcharan Patnaik and Mr. Maheshwar Subahu Singh, of the Dhenkanal Prajamandal, were detained in the Dhenkanal Jail today under rule 26 (b) of the Defence of India Rules, for, it is stated, action prejudicial to the interest of war and internal order. —United Press.

## *FLOOD HAVOC IN KATHIAWAR*

AHMEDABAD, June 30.

Six men and about 250 head of cattle are reported to have perished in the floods at Dhoraji in Kathiawar. Heavy damage to property is also reported.—A. P.

## Rutlam Ban Extended

RUTLAM, June 29.

The period of the ban imposed on public meetings and processions under Section 144 Cr. P. C. war again extended yesterday for another three months, says an order issued by the Judicial authorities of the Rutlam State.

The ban has been in force for the last three months.—United Press.

## *SIX KHAKSARS ARRESTED*

LAHORE, June 29.

A batch of five Khaksars, who had arrived from Peshawar has been arrested.

It is stated that they held demonstrations in Anarkali Street and entered a mosque as soon as the police appeared. After about half an hour's persuasion the Khaksars ultimately surrendered.

Another Khaksar was arrested near the Golden Mosque.—A. P.

## Internment Of Italian Women

SIMLA, June 29.

The "United Press" learns that six Italian women are being interned and taken to Sabathu, near Simla, where arrangements for their detention have been completed.

They will probably be removed to-day, as also another Italian woman from Amritsar.—United Press.

## Liberalise Fiscal Policy

CALCUTTA, June 29.

The "United Press" understands that the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has drawn the attention of the Central Government to the necessity of reopening the question of fiscal policy of the Government in view of the war.

It is pointed out that the present policy should be liberalised with a view to encouraging industrial enterprises, and to enable the country to quicken its pace of industrialisation.—United Press.

## Mr. Wilson To Succeed Sir Guthrie Russel

SIMLA, June 29.

It is learnt that Mr. L. Wilson, General Manager, G. I. P. Railway will succeed Sir Guthrie Russel as Chief Commissioner for Railways.

Mr. Wilson officiated as Chief Commissioner for some time in 1938 during Sir Guthrie Russel's absence.—A. P.

## Offering Prayers With Lathis!

BARODA, June 29.

Latest reports from Sidhpur indicate that Friday being 'Juma' prayer day of Muslims, a large contingent went to offer prayers with lathis contravening the notification of the District Magistrate. After prayers, police removed the lathis from the Muslims.

Several arrests have been made and the situation seems to be practically under control, but police pickets have been posted at important places to avoid recurrence.— United Press.

India's War Efforts

# RUSH FOR AIR FORCE RECRUITMENT

## 1,000 To 2,000 Applications A Day: Anti-Gas Training For Infantry Units: No Machine Tool Imports From Britain: Control Of Shipping

SIMLA, June 29.

**A Press Note states:—**

**"Applications for service in the Indian Air Force are being received at Air Headquarters at the rate of between 1,000 to 2,000 every day. It will be appreciated that where such a large number of applications has to be dealt with even eligible candidates cannot expect to receive immediate replies. Speedy consideration of applications, however, can be greatly facilitated by an appreciation of the requirements and procedure for recruitment.**

### *APPLICATION FORMS*

Applicants, whose qualifications make them eligible for Commission, will receive the form of application for an Indian Air Force Commission for pilot duties. Qualifications must be in accordance with the requirements. Those whose qualifications make them eligible for non-commissioned rank will receive applications form for airmen for non-pilot duties. Qualifications must be in accordance with the requirements in these categories.

Applicants who do not give sufficient information in their original applications as to their qualifications, or who do not possess suitable qualifications, cannot be considered and will not, therefore, be sent the forms of application. Details of the conditions of service, both for offices, that is, pilots and for airmen with ground duties, have been published and are also now being circulated to colleges and technical institutions throughout India. In future applications forwarded by recognised colleges or institutions will receive first consideration.

* * * *

15th (Madras) battalion, a unit of the Indian Territorial Force, is embodied to support and supplement His Majesty's Forces in India with effect from July 1, 1940.

* * * *

### Anti-Gas Training

It is announced that all infantry recruits will, during the period of their recruit training receive twelve hours instructions in anti-gas duties, which will be subdivided into twenty-four periods of thirty minutes each. In addition, recruits must wear their respirators for periods during route marches, including night marches, and on the range. Recruits training programme in training units of other arms, except R.I.A.S.C. will also be adapted to include this amount of anti-gas training, but recruits for cavalry and horse-drawn artillery units will carry out mounted parades with respirators instead of the route marches referred to for infantry. A separate programme of anti-gas training for recruits to R.I.A.S.C. is provided.

* * * *

### British Machine Tool Imports

It is notified that the Ministry of Supply in the United Kingdom have intimated that the prospects of permits being issued for the export of any machine tools from the United Kingdom to India for other than defence purposes for several months to come is extremely remote. No orders for machine tools from the United Kingdom will be considered by the Ministry of Supply unless they are supported by a recommendation from the War Supply Board. Applications for such recommendations should be submitted to the department of supply accompanied by a covering note giving in the fullest detail the purpose for which the machine tools is required and explaining the urgency of the demand.

The Supply Department will be unable to grant any recommendation unless the case for it is exceptionally strong. Application should be confined to cases of real urgency related to requirements essential for the prosecution of the war.

### Export Of Banned Articles

Lack of appreciation of the Rules governing the export of prohibited articles from India by Indian shippers is resulting in much avoidable inconvenience to all concerned. Issue of permits is delayed and exporters often miss the ships.

Often applications are submitted not on the standard form but in letters with incomplete information resulting in unnecessary delay and correspondence.

Applications not concerning the department of supply are also received which necessitates their being returned with instructions to apply to the proper authorities. The Department of Supply are concerned only with articles mentioned in part "C" of the Schedule appended to the Commerce Department notification published in the Gazette of India of May 15, 1940.

* * * *

### Control Of Shipping

It is announced that by an amendment of the Defence of India Rules "the Central Government may, if it appears to it to be necessary or expedient so to do for the purpose of the protection of shipping or the efficient prosecution of war by an order require any vessel registered in British India to leave or to keep away from any area specified in the order and such order may make provision for such incidental and supplementary matters as appear to the Central Government to be necessary or expedient. If in the case of any vessel registered in British India an order as aforesaid is contravened or not complied with, the Master of the Vessel and the owner or other person having the management thereof shall each be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years and shall also be liable to fine."

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### Paper Economy

In view of the imperative necessity for economy in the use of paper, a special paper economy organisation has been set up by the Government of India, with the Controller of Printing and Stationery as the Paper Economy Officer in charge to deal with all questions of economy in the use of paper or connected with the supply of paper to the Government of India Offices.

Elaborate instructions for economy in use of paper have already been issued by the Government of India.

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### Indian Branch Of Enemy Firms

It is announced that all property in British India, movable or immovable belonging to or held by or managed on behalf of anybody of persons constituted or incorporated in any enemy territory, and under the control of an Indian branch of that body for the time being carrying on business in India shall vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

In respect of the property of a body of persons, which has been vested as aforesaid the said Custodians shall have power to delegate to any branch manager of the said body of persons all or any of the powers exercisable by him.

*Exploits Of Charlie Chan*

# *Hollywood Murder*

*By Alfred Andriola*

IN THE SECLUSION OF KORNWELLER'S LIBRARY, CHARLIE CHAN PORES OVER MOVIE MAGAZINES, GOSSIP COLUMNS AND TRADE NEWSPAPERS, AS HIS EAGLE EYE GLEANS SCRAPS OF INFORMATION...
"Lucky" Jim Norton opened his new night club last night—and sat at a table with Norda Noll, smothered in "Lucky" orchids.
What local big time gambler is carrying the torch for Norda Noll?
The air is icy on the Kornweller lot between Norda Noll and Dee Loring.
Lago Mance will speed to Europe after collecting for making "Shadow Devils". Why?
Lago Mance and Norda Noll are burning ... and "Lucky" Norton is burning up...
Lago Mance and Van Carr have had a run of picking the right horses at the track.
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
Dee Loring, looking gaw-gus after a long session, will be starred as Karma in "Shadow Devils".
FLASH—Dee back for first day on "Shadow Devils", heather brought on a litter.
Norda Noll gets Dee Loring's role in "Shadow Devils", opposite Norda's heart throb, Lago Mance.
BIT BY BIT CHARLIE PIECES TOGETHER A MENTAL PICTURE OF CHARACTERS CONNECTED WITH THE ILL-FATED PRODUCTION...
Alfred Andriola


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